# CommWeb Virtual Payment Client Integration Guide

## Information

Information about this
Manual

## **Contents**

This manual contains systematic guidelines on how to use the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client.

## Questions?

If you have questions about this manual, please contact one of the following Customer Services teams for more information.

## CommWeb Software Support Line 1800 882 888

9 am to 6 pm (Sydney time) Monday to Friday

- Merchant detail configuration on the system
- Installation and integration support of the technology
- Testing and certification of your facility
- Day-to-day operations including Merchant Administration password set-up and reactivation
- Product enquiries
- Technical issues
- Changes to merchant details including addition of Amex and Diners.

## Merchant Enquiries 1800 230 177

9 am to 5 pm (local time) Monday to Friday

 Commonwealth Bank Merchant enquiries such as reconciliation of Visa and MasterCard transactions, settlement questions, billing enquiries, chargebacks.

## Operations Help Desk 1800 022 966

24hrs, 7days a week

CommWeb connectivity issues (outages)

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## Using this Manual

This chapter contains information that helps you understand and use this document

## **Purpose**

The CommWeb Virtual Payment Client (VPC) Guide outlines the details of the API (Application Programming Interface) that allows you to payment enable your e-commerce application or on-line store. It outlines how to use the functionality of the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client API. The document describes Version 1.0 of the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client API.

In addition, the guide outlines the business logic around payment processing on the CommWeb Payment Server and how to use the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client (VPC) to perform payment processing and, if required, integrated administration functions.

## **Audience**

Commonwealth Bank provides this manual for merchants and their authorised agents. Specifically, the following personnel should find this manual useful:

- business analyst and integrators who want to effectively integrate the CommWeb VPC into merchang applications.
- and merchant bank personnel who will be involved with the support of the process.

## **Related Documents**

To complete the merchant offering, transactions processed through CommWeb via the Virtual Payment Client Guide can be administered via the CommWeb Merchant Administration portal. To understand what this portal offers, readers should reference the CommWeb Merchant Administration User Manual.

For merchants who purchase the optional batch loader software the CommWeb Batch Loader Manual outlines the functionality of this additional module.

# Terminology Used in this Guide

Access Code	The access code is an identifier that is used to authenticate you as the merchant while you are using the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client.  The access code is generated and allocated to you by CommWeb when you are established as a merchant on the server.
Acquiring Bank	The bank with which you have a merchant facility that allows you to accept online credit card payments.
Merchant Administration	CommWeb Merchant Administration allows you to monitor and manage your electronic transactions through a series of easy to use, secure web pages.
Payment Server	The CommWeb Payment Client uses the MasterCard Internet Gateway Service (MIGS) Server . MIGS facilitates the processing of secure payments in real-time over the Internet between your online store/website and your bank.
	All communications between the cardholder, your online store, the Payment Server and the bank is encrypted, making the whole procedure not only simple and quick, but also secure.
Purchase	Purchase is a single transaction that debits the funds from a cardholder's credit card account and credits these funds to the merchants account. The transfer of funds occurs after end-of-day settlement occurs between the card-issuing bank and the merchant's bank.
Secure Hash Secret	Secure Hash Secret plays a role in security as it is used to detect whether the transaction request and response has been tampered with. The Secure Hash Secret is generated automatically and assigned to you by CommWeb when you are established as a merchant on the server. It is a unique value for each merchant and made up of alphanumeric characters. Only you know what the secure hash secret value is.
	Your secure hash secret is added to the transaction request details before an MD5 algorithm is applied to generate a secure hash. The secure hash is then sent to CommWeb and MIGS with the transaction request details. Because CommWeb and MIGS is the only other entity apart from you that knows your secure hash secret, it recreates the same secure hash and matches it with the one that you sent. If they match CommWeb and MIGS continues processing the transaction. If it does not match it assumes that the transaction request has been tampered with, and will reject the request.
	The Secure Hash Secret can be accessed using CommWeb Merchant Administration. Please see the CommWeb Merchant Administration Guide for more information.
CommWeb Virtual Payment Client (VPC)	The CommWeb Virtual Payment Client is the interface that provides a secure method of communication between your online store and the Payment Server, which facilitates the processing of payments.

## The Merchant Setup Process

The following table guides you through the basic steps to payment enable an online store, assuming that your Merchant Services Facility has already being approved by The Commonwealth Bank.

Table 1 What the merchant needs to do to process payments from an online store

#### STEP 1

Receive the Integration support material and documentation from your CommWeb Software Support Line

The CommWeb Virtual Payment Client integration support material issued to assist you during your integration and set up phase includes the following:

- a) CommWeb Virtual Payment Client Guide
- b) Example code

#### STEP 2

Obtain your Access Code and Secure Hash Secret from Commweb Merchant Administration

CommWeb Software Support Line will provide your Access Code and Secure Hash with this guide.

If you have not received this information, you need your CommWeb Virtual Payment Client Access Code and Secure Hash Secret before starting your integration:

## a) Access Code

The access code uniquely authenticates a merchant and their Merchant Id on the Payment Server.

## b) Secure Hash Secret

If you are using Server-Hosted Payments, the Secure Hash Secret is a key used as the initial piece of encryption data to create an MD5 Secure Hash to ensure transaction data is not tampered with while in transit to the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client

Your access code and secure hash secret can be found in Merchant Administration in the Setup menu option on the Configuration Details page. Please refer to your Merchant Administration User Guide for details on how to locate your Access Code and Secure Hash Secret.

#### STEP 3

Perform a basic payment using the supplied example code

You can perform a basic test payment using the example code provided. Successful completion of a payment using the example code validates that your system is set up correctly, and ensures basic functionality is available before implementing the integration with your online store.

The example code covers common web server scripting languages. You will need to select the appropriate example for your specific web environment.

## STEP 4

## Design and implement the integration

You are now ready to payment enable your online store. This step requires a web developer familiar with both your online store and the web programming language used in integrating the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client.

This guide provides the reference information and best practise guidelines to assist you with this task. You may also refer to the example code for further assistance.

#### STEP 5

#### Test your integration

You need to test your integration by performing test payments. CommWeb has a test bank facility to test all the different response codes that you are likely to encounter in a live environment.

Performing test transactions validates that you have correctly integrated the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client with your online store and that your application handles common response codes and error conditions. For more information, please refer to the Test Card information supplied at the end of this document.

#### STEP 6

#### Go Live

Once you are satisfied that your integration works correctly, please advise your bank that your testing has been successfully completed.

Your bank will validate your testing results and then provide you with your production profile and instructions on how to change the configuration of your website from test mode to live production mode.

The production profile allows you to process live transactions with your financial institution (bank).

## STEP 7

## Conduct final Pre-Production testing.

It is recommended that you follow standard IT practices and complete final pre-production testing to validate that end-to-end functionality works correctly, including successful settlement of funds from your bank.

## STEP 8

Commence live processing of online payments.

You should now be ready to launch your payment enabled online store and start processing online payments from your customers.

## Introduction to VPC

## What is CommWeb?

CommWeb is provided by the Commonwealth Banks to facilitate ePayments and general payments where the card is not presented to the merchant (called Card-Not-Present, or CNP).

## What is the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client?

There are two connection options for merchant-server communications, the CommWeb Payment Client, and CommWeb Virtual Payment Client.

The CommWeb Payment Client is a piece of software that is loaded onto the merchant's host system and handles communication between the merchant and the CommWeb server. The CommWeb Payment Client is not covered in this manual. For information on the CommWeb Payment Client see the CommWeb Payment Client Integration Guide.

The CommWeb Virtual Payment Client is a mechanism for merchants to connect to the CommWeb. It is termed 'Virtual' to contrast it to the Payment Client itself, but the VPC is a connection mechanism only – there is no supplied client software.

This manual outlines instructions for connecting your application to the CommWeb Payment Server via this VPC connection mechanism.

## Steps to Integrating the VPC

Before you start integrating, you will need to determine if your online store supports the functions that you require. Your online store will determine the transaction types you can or cannot integrate.

## STEP 1

You need the following support material and information:

- a) This Guide
- b) Example Code for your site (written in ASP, JSP, PHP and Perl)
- c) Access Code
- d) Secure Hash Secret (only used for Server-Hosted Payments).

#### STEP 2

Determine which integration model you will be using?

You need to know whether you are using:

- Server-Hosted Payments Integration Model, or
- Merchant-Hosted Payments Integration Model.

#### STEP 3

Determine which Payment Model you will be using, Purchase or Authorisation/Capture

- Purchase requires a single transaction to transfer funds from the cardholder's account to your account.
- Authorisation/Capture requires two transactions, the Authorisation, followed separately by a Capture.

#### STEP 4

Determine if you will be using any Advanced functionality?

The available advanced functionality includes:

- Verified-by-Visa and MasterCard SecureCode
- Capture
- Refund
- QueryDR

## STEP 5

Perform a basic transaction using the supplied example code

You can perform a basic test payment transaction using the example code provided. Successful completion of a transaction using the example code validates that your system is set-up correctly and ensures basic functionality is available before you implementing the integration with your online store. The standard example code covers common web server scripting languages. You need to select the appropriate example for your specific web environment.

#### STEP 6

Determine how you are going to get the transaction request input fields and where to store the transaction response output fields in your online store.

You need to consider:

• Session Variables - some online stores may require session variables to be collected and sent to the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client in the transaction request. The session variables are returned in the transaction response allowing your online store to continue with the order process• Merchant Transaction Reference (vpc\_MerchTxnRef) - You need to determine how you are going to produce a unique value for a transaction using the vpc\_MerchTxnRef field.

#### STEP 7

Design and implement the integration

You are now ready to payment enable your online store. This step requires a web developer familiar with both your online store and the web programming language used in your web environment.

This guide provides the reference information and best practice guidelines to assist you with this task. You may also refer to the example code for further assistance.

## STEP 8

Test your integration

You need to test your integration by performing test transactions. CommWeb has a test facility to test all the different response codes that you are likely to encounter in a live environment.

Performing test transactions allows you to test your integration, so that you won't encounter problems when processing real transactions. For more information, please refer to the Test Environment Section of this document.

## CommWeb Test Host Simulator

The Host Simulator module provides a comprehensive transaction testing facility for the all VPC supported functions.

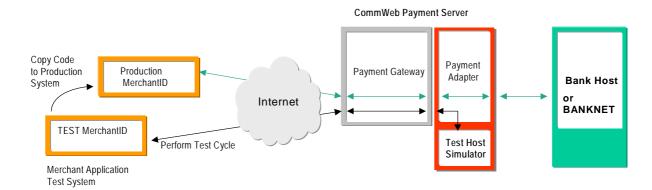


Figure 1. Merchant Simulator Infrastructure

The merchant simply prefix's their merchant ID (which will be supplied to you by the bank) with the word 'TEST' to initiate the routing of all transactions received from their application to the Test Host Simulator module. Full sets of test logs are written to the CommWeb Merchant Administration Portal so that the Merchant can view and validate test results.

Exception handling is tested by simulating different responses from the CommWeb Payment Server. Responses can be varied by using different values in the payment. For example, \$10.00 will return an 'Approved' by the CommWeb Server, while \$10.51 will return 'Insufficient Funds'. Please refer to Appendix 1 for a full list of codes.

Once the transaction testing cycle has been completed successfully the code can be copied to the merchant's production system application. Once installed in the production system and all necessary processes have been completed, the CommWeb Software Support Line will set up the merchant's Live Link. The merchant can access this link by simply removing the word 'TEST' from their merchant ID. The merchant's test profile will remain and can be accessed for further testing at a later date if required.

It is important to recognise that the merchant cannot perform live transactions unless specifically configured by the CommWeb Software Support Line to do so.

## e-Payments

## Working with e-Payments

CommWeb enables a merchant to perform secure transactions over the Internet. To do this they need to integrate the Host Application (Shop and Buy application) with the CommWeb Payment Client, or the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client. This guide deals only with the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client. For information on the CommWeb Payment Client please refer to the CommWeb Payment Client integration Guide.

The CommWeb Virtual Payment Client a series of commands available to the Host Application through an API (Application Program Interface). It interacts with the CommWeb Payment Server, which processes secure transactions in real-time over the Internet.

The CommWeb Virtual Payment Client is a remote interface to the CommWeb Payment Server, which processes the secure transactions sent by the VPC.

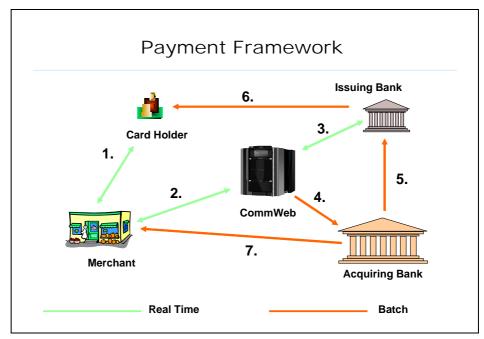
## Introduction to Processing Payments

The typical payment process for Internet purchases is:

- The cardholder purchases goods or services from a merchant using the Internet.
- The merchant's online store sends a CommWeb Virtual Payment Client transaction request via the CommWeb Payment Server for authorization and processing.
- 3. CommWeb directs the transaction to the cardholder's financial institution (issuing bank) for authorisation of the payment. The cardholder's account is debited and the funds are transferred to the merchant's account

As the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client is designed primarily for processing payments from Internet sites, this guide presents information for enabling an online store. But it is also possible to payment enable other channels such as call centres or IVR systems using advanced functions of the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client.

## e-Commerce Transaction Modes



How a transaction is processed

## **Processing an e-Commerce Transaction**

During a transaction, the funds are transferred from the cardholders account to the merchants account in the following steps:

- 1. The cardholder purchases goods or services from a merchant via the internet, over the phone, etc.
- 2. The merchant sends the request for payment to CommWeb, which processes the transaction on behalf of the merchant, by switching the transaction authorisation request to the card issuer (the customers bank) (3).
- 3. The card issuing institution adjusts the cardholder's credit limit for the funds and returns the result to CommWeb. CommWeb passes the result of the transaction on to the merchant.
- 4. Periodically (normally once a day), these records are transferred by CommWeb to the Commonwealth Bank 's settlement system.
- 5. The Commonwealth Bank settles the transaction with the issuing (Cardholder's) bank as part of normal credit card processing.
- 6. The issuing bank adds an entry to the cardholder's statement for subsequent payment by the cardholder.
- 7. The Commonwealth Bank deposits the funds into the merchant's bank account.

## **Payment Processing Modes**

## **Purchase and Auth/Capture merchants**

**Purchase Merchant** 

Purchase mode transactions capture funds in a single transaction and the funds are immediately transferred into the merchant's account when the merchant's bank settles the transaction. Each instance of a purchase transaction will show up on the customer's card statement.

## **Auth /Capture Merchant**

Auth /Capture merchants perform at least two transactions to capture the funds from the customer's card and deposit them in the merchant's account.

The authorisation (Auth) transaction verifies that the card details are correct and will also reserve the funds for that merchant.

The capture transaction refers back to the initial authorisation transaction, and instructs the transfer the funds from a customer's card into the merchant's account.

The merchant can perform more than one capture transaction, for example the merchant may not have the full ordered amount of goods in stock but ships what they do have. Later, when they ship the remaining goods the merchant can perform another capture transaction that refers back to the initial authorisation transaction which transfers the remaining funds to the merchant's account.

This auth reservation of funds will reserve the funds for a predetermined period of time, (such as 5 days), as determined by the cardholder's issuing bank.

Please check with the CommWeb Software Support Line if you are unsure in which mode you are operating.

## Subsequent or Financial Transactions

For every order there is normally one shopping transaction. Each shopping transaction may require a number of associated financial transactions, for example, **captures** and **refunds**. Financial transactions represent the flow of information between the customer, the merchant and the bank when purchasing goods and services.

Subsequent transactions can capture or refund transactions.

Refunds are where the merchant credits funds back to a customer's card. In this case both transactions are listed on the cardholder's statement.

The merchant can perform as many capture and refund transactions as they want providing the total amount captured does not exceed the total of the original transaction amount. You must have captured the funds before you can perform a refund (i.e. the original transaction was a purchase or an authorised transaction that has been captured), otherwise an error will occur.

## **Integration Options**

There are two integration options for collecting credit card details on the CommWeb Payment Server. The 2 options are:

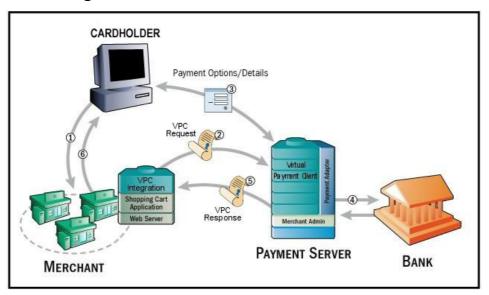
- Merchant-Hosted (Internet or Mail Order/Telephone Order (MOTO))
   Used for any merchant application, such as a merchant web shop & buy
   application or a call centre operation, where the merchant collects the card
   details.
- Server-Hosted (Internet only with possible authentication)
   Only possible from a web application, such as a merchant shop & buy application or e-mail, as the customer can only input their credit details directly into CommWeb via a web page that is displayed from the CommWeb Payment Server.

## Server-Hosted transactions

Server-Hosted transactions are the recommended method of connecting to CommWeb. Server-Hosted transactions use the SSL protocol to provide secure transmission of sensitive data between a customer's web browser and the CommWeb Payment Server. In addition to SSL channel encryption, the Payment Client encrypts transaction data sent from the shop and buy application to the CommWeb Payment Server to prevent alteration in transit as it is redirected via the customer's browser.

One of the benefits of a server-hosted transaction is that the merchant does not carry the legal responsibility of having to secure card details from hackers and misuse.

## **Server-Hosted Page - Information Flow**



Information for Server-Hosted pages

- 1. A customer **9** and **6** decides to purchase goods and enter details into the merchants shop and buy application software at the checkout page.
- 2. The customer pays for the goods and the merchant software sends a CommWeb Virtual Payment Client transaction request to the CommWeb Payment Server, using an Access Code which is unique to each merchant. In addition, data integrity is protected by use of a Secure Hash Secret ②.
- 3. The CommWeb Payment Server receives the customer's card details 3 and displays a series of screens. The first screen (see page 15) displays the cards supported by the processor supports, for example MasterCard, Visa, and American Express. The customer chooses the card type they want to use for the transaction. The second screen accepts the details for the chosen card such as card number, card expiry, a card security number if required, see page 15.
- 4. The CommWeb Payment Server passes the details to the card issuing institution. When the payment has been processed, the CommWeb Payment Server temporarily displays the result of the transaction before displaying the final screen, which asks the customer to wait while they are redirected back to the merchant's site (see page 15). The CommWeb Payment Server passes the result back to the merchant's site detailing the result of the transaction This information is then passed back to the user for their records (see page 15).

The CommWeb Virtual Payment Client is a set of commands for all the sending and receiving of this data from the CommWeb Payment Server via browser redirects.

In a Server-Hosted transaction, the customer's browser connection is completely severed from the merchant application, so any session variables that are required to identify the current session must be collected and sent to the CommWeb Payment Server, where they are returned appended to the result message.

For information on the method used to send the session variables, please refer to page 15.

## **Integrating Server-Hosted Payments**

To process a payment using Server-Hosted Payments your online store needs to be integrated with the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client in order to send the transaction request and handle the transaction response.

To do this you need to do the following:

- Collect the minimum required information for a transaction request. This will include
  - a. your merchant ld,
  - b. your access code,
  - c. the order amount,
  - d. a transaction reference number and
  - e. an optional order Information field.

You may require additional information when using optional features.

- 2. Formulate a transaction request. An example of a transaction request is: https://203.202.39.43/vpcpay?vpc%5FVersion=1&vpc%5FLocale=en&vpc%5FCommand=pa y&vpc%5FAccessCode=A53853CE&vpc%5FMerchTxnRef=123&vpc%5FMerchant=TESTA NDREWK&vpc%5FOrderInfo=VPC+Example&vpc%5FAmount=100&vpc%5FReturnURL=htt p%3A%2F%2Flocalhost%2FASP%5FVPC%5F3Party%5FDR%2Easp&&vpc SecureHash=A 7F22A5CA87DD2FC6BA3F78359DA639A
- Add any session variables required by the online store to resume the order process with the cardholder after the transaction request has been processed.
- 4. Calculate the secure hash and append it to the transaction request.
- 5. Redirect the cardholders Internet browser using the transaction request you just created.

At this point the cardholder session with your online store is interrupted while the cardholder submits their card details directly to the CommWeb Payment Server.

## CommWeb Processing of Server-Hosted Requests

When a transaction request arrives at the CommWeb Payment Server by redirecting the cardholder's Internet browser, it: Checks to

- 1. make sure the Merchant Access Code is correct for the merchant Id and
- 2. checks if the secure hash is present.

If both are correct, the Payment Server:

 Displays the card selection page (normally branded by the merchant's bank) for the cardholder to choose their card type.

- Accepts the cardholders card details for the selected card type.
- Processes the transaction request and notifies the merchant's bank of the status of the transaction so the funds can be settled into the merchant's account.
- Sends back a transaction response to your website page nominated in the transaction request indicating whether the transaction was successful or declined.
- The CommWeb Payment Server can also return error messages back, if for example there is a communication error in the banking network and the transaction can not proceed.
- If either the Merchant Access Code or the Secure Hash are incorrect, the CommWeb Payment Server returns a transaction response back to your website page nominated in the transaction request with a response code and a message detailing the error.

## Transaction response

The transaction response is returned to your website using an Internet browser redirect as specified in the vpc\_ReturnURL field. The transaction response will always have a secure hash for the online store to check data integrity. An example of a transaction response is:

http://localhost/ASP\_VPC\_3Party\_DR.asp?&vpc\_AVSResultCode=Unsupported&vpc\_AcqAVSRespCode=Unsupported&vpc\_AcqAVSRespCode=Unsupported&vpc\_AcqResponseCode=00&vpc\_Amount=100&vpc\_AuthorizeId=000281&vpc\_BatchNo=1&vpc\_CSCRequestCode=N&vpc\_CSCRespUnsupported&vpc\_Card=AE&vpc\_Command=pay&vpc\_Locale=en\_AU&vpc\_MerchTxn\_Ref=123&vpc\_Merchant=TESTANDREWK&vpc\_Message=Approved&vpc\_OrderInfo=VPC+Exam\_ple&vpc\_ReceiptNo=030821000281&vpc\_SecureHash=6EB600780CAA5B1C81BF3AF249E4B853&vpc\_TransactionNo=281&vpc\_TxnResponseCode=0&vpc\_Version=1

The online store needs to process the transaction response by:

Checking the secure hash received from the Payment Server is correct:

- Check the value of the vpc TxnResponseCode .
- If this is equal to '7' then the CommWeb Payment Server has detected an error related to the message and you need to handle this condition.
- If this is equal to '0' then the transaction was completed successfully and you can display a receipt to the cardholder.
- If it is equal to any other value the transaction has been declined and this must be declared to the cardholder. The action taken in this event (suggesting a retry with another card, suggesting another payment method etc.) can be determined by the merchant.

If the value of the secure hash received is not equal to the hash value calculated from the data, the data may have been tampered with in the redirection process and you should check the transaction response data against the original transaction request. For example, you should check that the transaction amount is the same as what you sent originally.

The online store response page needs to be able to handle:

- Successful transactions
- Declined transactions
- Error Conditions if vpc\_TxnResponseCode equals '7' an error has occurred.

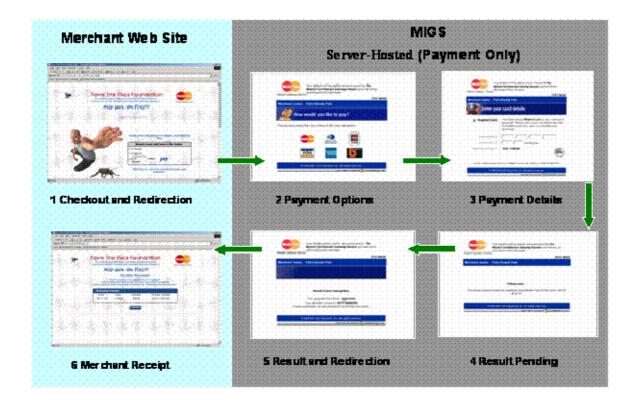
All three of these conditions are valid responses that occur back from the CommWeb Payment Server. The next section provides you with an overview of securing your payments.

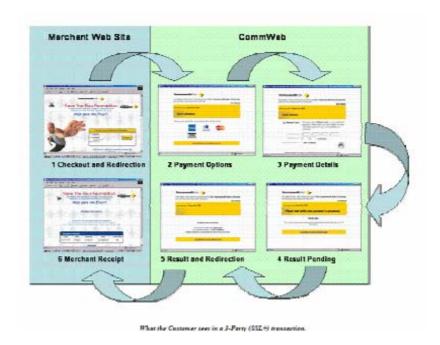
## What the Cardholder Sees

In a Server-Hosted transaction (without authentication, covered later in this guide) the cardholder is presented with six pages:

- 1. The Merchant's web-site checkout page
- 2. The CommWeb Payment Server's Payment Options page
- 3. The CommWeb Payment Server's Payment Details page
- 4. The CommWeb Payment Server's Payment Pending page
- 5. The CommWeb Payment Server's Redirection page
- 6. The Merchant's web-site receipt page.

Examples of these pages are shown in the following pages.





What the Customer sees in a Server-Hosted transaction

## The Shop & Buy Checkout Page

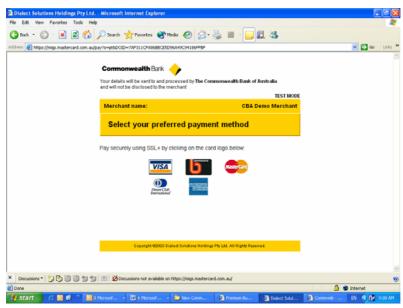
The checkout page displays the line items that the customer wants to purchase and the total amount to pay, including any delivery charges and taxes. The customer accepts the amount and proceeds to the CommWeb payment pages to enter their card details.

The Shop & Buy Check Out Page



## CommWeb Payment Server's Payment Options Page

The payment options page presents the customer with the card types the merchant accepts. The customer clicks a card type and proceeds to the Payment Details page.



CommWeb Payment Server's Payment Options Page

## The CommWeb Payment Server's Payment Details Page

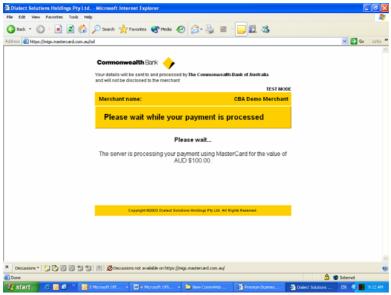
On the Payment Details page, the customer enters their card details, including the card number and expiry date, and clicks the pay button. CommWeb then processes the payment.



CommWeb Payment Servers Payment Details Page

## The CommWeb Payment Servers Payment Pending Page

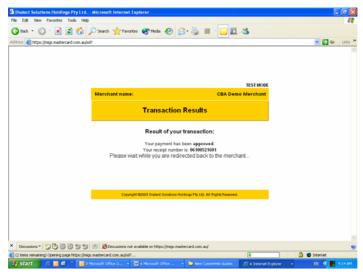
As the payment processor is processing the payment, a payment pending page can be displayed to the customer.



CommWeb Payment Servers Payment Pending Page

## The CommWeb Payment Servers Redirection Page

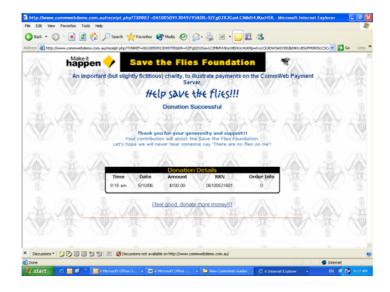
The redirection page is displayed in the customer's browser and the Digital Receipt is passed to the merchant's shop and buy application



CommWeb Payment Servers Receipt Page

## The merchants Shop & Buy's Receipt Page

The shop and buy receives the Digital Order and creates a Digital Receipt as a receipt page is displayed to the customer.



The Shop & Buy Receipt Page

## Merchant-Hosted Transactions

There are 2 types of merchant hosted transactions.

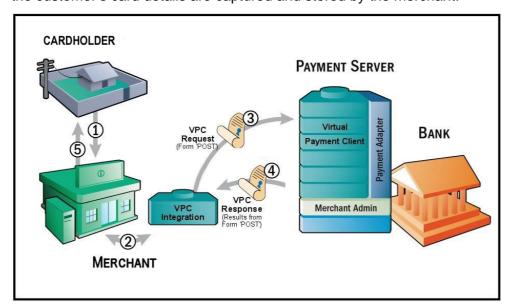
## **MOTO**

MOTO (Mail Order/Telephone Order) transactions are purchase/auth transactions orders where the customer provides their card details to a merchant, via mail order or by telephone (including Interactive Voice Response (IVR) systems).

## **Merchant Hosted Web Payment Pages**

The merchant has the option of providing their own web-site payment pages for collecting the card details. The customer provides their payment details (card type, card number and expiry date) directly to the merchant.

Merchant-Hosted transactions carry a higher risk than Server-Hosted transactions, as the customer's card details are captured and stored by the merchant.



## Information Flow in Merchant-Hosted transaction

- 1. A customer **1**, **5** purchases goods or services.
- The merchant collects the card details using the Internet, IVR, mail order or telephone order and submits the details to be processed via the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client ②.
- 3. The message is sent over the Internet to the CommWeb Payment Server **3**. The message includes the purchase amount, card details (submitted to the merchant), and a merchant-specified transaction reference.
- 4. The issuing bank processes the information and passes the result back to the CommWeb Payment Server. This result, which includes the transaction results and payment reference details, is sent from the CommWeb Payment Server back to the merchant's site page specified in the outgoing request where it is processed. A receipt is also passed back to the customer for their records•.

The basic inputs used for a Merchant-Hosted transaction are:

**CardNumber** – The card number or the customer.

**CardExpiry** – The expiry date of the card.

**MerchantId** – The merchant identifier allocated by their bank.

MerchTxnRef Identifies this particular transaction on the CommWeb

PaymentServer. This should be a unique value for each transaction attempt, which makes it easy for the merchant to track transactions.

Amount - Contains the value of this transaction. It is an integer that expresses

the value in the lowest currency denomination, for example, cents,

pence and yen.

In a Merchant-Hosted transaction, session variables are not sent to the CommWeb Payment Server because the merchant's session is always maintained.

## What the Cardholder Sees

In a Merchant-Hosted transaction the cardholder is presented with two pages:

- 1. The merchants shop and buy checkout page.
- 2. The merchants shop and buy receipt page.

The CommWeb Payment Server does not display any pages in a Merchant-Hosted style transaction, as all pages are displayed by the merchant's application.

## **Best Practices**

## Best Practices for Securing the Data

This section describes the security features available for the Virtual Payment Client is recommended that you understand this section before you start integrating

All websites collecting sensitive or confidential information need to protect the data passed between the browser and the CommWeb Payment Server. The Payment Server is responsible for securing the cardholder details when you implement the Server-Hosted Payments Integration Model. It uses Secure Sockets Layer (SSL), which encrypts sensitive financial data between a cardholder and the Payment Server.

SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) is a security technology that is used to secure server to Internet browser transactions. This includes the securing of any information passed by an Internet browser (such as a cardholder's credit card number) to a web server (such as your online store or CommWeb). SSL protects data submitted over the Internet from being intercepted and viewed by unintended recipients.

There are three security issues that apply to a payment:

- Confidentiality To protect important information such as credit card numbers.
- Identification/Authentication To ensure that transaction requests are going to the CommWeb Payment Server and that the transaction response came from the CommWeb Payment Server.
- Integrity When you send and receive messages, you need to be sure that they are not being altered. In Server-Hosted Payments, the transaction request and response is sent by redirecting the cardholder's Internet browser providing an opportunity for the cardholder to modify details if best practice suggestions in this section are not followed.

## **Common Best Practices to ensure Transaction Integrity**

The following Best Practices are guidelines only. It is recommended that you consult with security experts with experience in your web environment to ensure that your security is suitable for your needs.

## Use a unique Merchant Transaction Reference Id for each transaction

Each transaction should be assigned a unique transaction reference Id. Most online stores and web programming environments will generate a unique session Id for each cardholder, which can be used as the unique transaction reference Id. You can alternatively create a unique reference id by combining a unique order number with a payments attempt counter. You may also consider appending a timestamp to the transaction reference Id to help ensure that each one is unique. Before sending a cardholder to the Payment Server, you should store this unique transaction reference Id with the order details in your online store database. The merchant transaction reference id is returned in the transaction response and allows you to match the response against the order.

The unique transaction reference Id is required to provide transactional integrity, protect against replay attacks and aid in reconciliation.

# Check that the field values in the transaction response match those in the transaction request

You should ensure that important fields such as the amount in the transaction response and the merchant transaction reference id match up with the values in the original order.

## Check for a replay of a transaction

You should check each transaction response to ensure that your unique Merchant Transaction Reference Id matches the order, and that it does not correspond with any previous order that has already been processed.

## Check the integrity of a transaction using Secure Hash

The Secure Hash is used to prevent the cardholder from modifying a transaction request and response when passing it through the cardholder's browser. Using the Secure Hash ensures a high level of trust in the transaction result.

The benefit of using Secure Hash is that the integrity of each response can be checked without having to create a new SSL connection to the CommWeb Payment Server for each transaction. If you have network restrictions that do not allow an outbound socket from your site, then you should use this process.

The Secure Hash Secret must be kept secret to provide security and should be changed periodically for this method to be effective. The Secure Hash method is only applicable when using the Server-Hosted Payments integration model.

## **Other Best Practices**

#### MerchTxnRef

## **Unique value**

MerchTxnRef is normally used for querying an exact transaction on the CommWeb Payment Server. In a case where the merchant requires to know the specific result of a transaction, for example, when a Digitial Receipt is not received by the merchant, then the MerchTxnRef is used to locate the details.

Although CommWeb allows any reference to be entered with a shopping transaction, it is advised that some unique identifier is used by the merchant to allow an easy cross-reference with the merchant's host system. A example of a MerchTxnRef would be the merchant's unique order number assigned to each sale. This allows the merchant to look up the transaction on CommWeb with the same reference used to lookup the transaction on their own host system. To guarantee uniqueness, different payment operations on the same sale need also to be identified, as stated below.

## **Identifying Payment Attempts**

If a transaction for a sale is declined, and a subsequent attempt is made to process a payment for this sale, the merchant should modify the MerchTxnRef for each subsequent attempt, by appending extra characters for each attempt. For example *MerchTxnRef* = '1234/1' on first attempt, '1234/2' on second attempt, and '1234/3' on third attempt, etc. This is the preferred way of implementing a unique *MerchTxnRef*. Because under a fault condition, such as if the Digital Receipt does not arrive back at the merchant's site, you may need to check if the transaction was carried out successfully.

Automated lookups and financial operations cannot be performed if the merchant has not given each transaction attempt a unique *MerchTxnRef* number, as there will be multiple results showing the same *MerchTxnRef*.

## Sending Session Variables to the CommWeb Payment Server

In a Server-Hosted transaction, the customer browser's connection is completely severed from the merchant application. Some merchant applications use session variables to keep track of where the shop and buy application is up to and to prevent unauthorised entry without the customer signing in. This stops hackers from spoofing transactions.

Session variables that are required to identify the current session so the CommWeb Payment Server can return to the merchant's program from where it left must be collected and sent to the CommWeb Payment Server. The session variables are not used by the CommWeb Payment Server, but are returned appended to the response. There can be as many session variables as required using any name the merchant shop and buy application needs, providing they legally conform to HTTP/HTTPS protocols. To make them conform to the standard, URL, you need to encode all session variables before sending them.

To send them to the CommWeb Payment Server the merchant must append them to the merchant ReturnURL.

At the CommWeb Payment Server, the merchant session variables are recovered and temporarily stored in the CommWeb Payment Server with the other transaction variables. They are sent back to the merchant appended to the response at the completion of the transaction.

The merchant shop and buy application recovers the session variables from the response, and uses them to restore the merchant session. The session continues as though it had never been broken.

## **Receipt Failure**

The two ways of dealing with a digital receipt that fails to come back are:

Flag the transaction as having an error that the merchant needs to manually check using Merchant Administration on the Payment Server.

Utilise Advanced Merchant Administration (AMA) commands to search the CommWeb Payment Server database for the transaction by using the *QueryDR* command if *MerchTxnRef* is unknown. The *MerchTxnRef* is used as the transaction identifier when searching using *QueryDR*.

Because the Digital receipt has failed to come back, there is no transaction number available from the Payment Server to identify the transaction in question, and this is why you use the *MerchTxnRef*. It is important to have a unique *MerchTxnRef* for every transaction otherwise the query could return multiple results. Only the most recent transaction is returned in the *QueryDR* command if there are multiple results, but this may not be the transaction you are looking for.

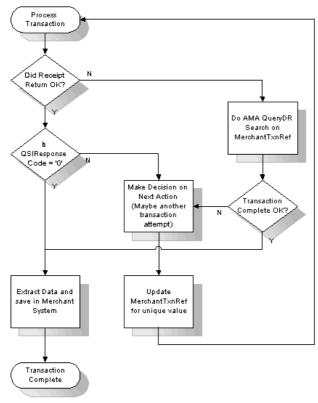


Diagram Showing Information Flow

When you find the required *MerchTxnRef* in the *QueryDR*, check if it is successful by the *QSIResponseCode* field (equal to '0'). If the *QSIResponseCode* is zero, then the transaction is successful and you just need to extract the relevant data details from the *QueryDR* results for your records. If the *QSIResponseCode* is not 0, you need to determine the next course of action based on what you would do if the *QSIResponseCode* were not 0 in a normal digital receipt coming back from the Payment Server.

If you query the Payment Server for the *MerchTxnRef* using the QueryDR call and you do not receive any results, then it is safe to repeat the transaction. It is safe to use the same *MerchTxnRef*, as the existing one does not show up in the Payment Server's database.

If the QueryDR is flagged as having multiple results (returns 'Y' in the MultipleResults field), the MerchTxnRef is not unique.

## What is Merchant Administration?

Merchant Administration is the Internet based portal, which allows merchants to monitor and manage their on-line processing and administration of payments through a series of easy-to-use pages.

To use Merchant Administration, you need to have access to the Internet through a browser (such as Internet Explorer or Netscape). You also need the CommWeb URL (or web site address).

The merchant can use one of two methods to manage their transactions:

**Merchant Administration** - using a browser interface to interactively perform historical searches, captures, refunds and to perform setup activities. For more details, please refer to the Merchant Administration User Guide.

**Advanced Merchant Administration** - using the Payment Client to directly access the CommWeb Payment Gateway to perform all transaction-related actions (for example, captures, refunds and voids) integrated with merchants' software interfaces.

# Cannot utilise the Advanced Merchant Administration (AMA) functionality?

The following reasons may cause AMA functionality to not work:

A separate operator needs to be created for AMA API calls

Your merchant account is required to have the privileges to execute AMA functions, please check with the helpdesk that this is enabled for your merchant account.

Advanced admin methods privilege has to be enabled in operator set-up in Merchant Administration. An AMA operator cannot connect to Merchant Administration unless the AMA privilege is removed.

Check that you are not using incorrect merchant ID, operator ID or password details.

## Receipt number (RRN), MerchTxnRef, Authorizeld and TransactionId

The *Receipt Number* (RRN) is normally a unique number for a particular Merchantld generated by the bank. This is the value that is passed back to the customer for their records. You cannot search for this field in Merchant Administration or using AMA, but it is displayed in Merchant Administration on the transaction details pages as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN).

**MerchTxnRef** is generated by the merchant shop and buy application. Ideally it should be a unique value for each transaction, and the merchant should retain this number so that transaction can be traced within the merchant's application and the CommWeb Payment Server.

**TransactionID** is a unique number generated by the CommWeb Payment Server that matches the shopping transaction number. The shopping transaction number is only relevant to a shopping transaction, for example Auth transactions. It is the key reference value for transactions when using AMA transactional functions like captures and refunds.

The *AuthorizeID* field in the Digital Receipt is another identifier that is passed in the Digital Receipt and sent by the issuing bank for the authorisation. This field cannot be searched for in Merchant Administration or AMA but it is displayed in Merchant Administration as the "Authorisation Code". It is one of the fields returned in an AMA query and the AMA transaction result (captures, refunds).

# Cardholder Authentication

# MasterCard SecureCode and Verified by Visa

#### Introduction

MasterCard and Visa have introduced new authentication methods for internet payments, which involves validating the presence of the cardholder in a traditional internet card-not-present environment.

Essentially, this involves the cardholder entering a password known only to themselves and their issuing bank during the course of the payment, similar to the use of a PIN during an ATM transaction. This reduces the likelihood of fraud and customer chargeback.

CommWeb supports the MasterCard initiative, SecureCode© and the Visa initiative, Verified by Visa©, which authenticates the cardholder by redirecting their internet browser to their card issuers authentication server, which is accessible via the internet. Both SecureCode and Verified by Visa implement an authentication process called Authentication, and CommWeb supports the consolidation of both card scheme implementations of Authentication. This consolidation makes the whole authentication process easier for the merchant. CommWeb allows authentication to be performed without any changes to the merchant 'request for payment' process.

Authentication is performed as an integral part of an Authorization or Purchase transaction.

From a cardholders experience, there is simply a new step added, where the cardholder is redirected to the issuers 3DSecure Access Control Server (ACS) and a password is inputted by the cardholder. If the password matches the password selected by the cardholder at the point of enrolment in their Issuers authentication program, then the transaction is considered authenticated and payment can proceed.

If the cardholder does not enter the correct password, and therefore cannot authenticate themselves, CommWeb will not proceed with the payment.

Other failures (for example, communication errors) may result in the authentication attempt failing, but the payment going ahead. The general rule is that if authentication is possible it will be performed, but if it is performed it must succeed otherwise the payment will not be processed.

Note – It is beyond the scope of this document to explain the full details of the MasterCard SecureCode and Verified by Visa initiatives, the processes involved in becoming registered in these programs, and under what circumstances the liability for the transaction is shifted from the merchant. Please contact your bank representative for more information.

### **Authentication Process Flow**

The CommWeb interaction with any other entity apart from the cardholder or merchant is described for information only, as the merchant will only witness passing of control to CommWeb and the return of authentication data if authentication was attempted.

It is important to note than the merchant has no control over an authenication attempt if he is configured for Authentication.

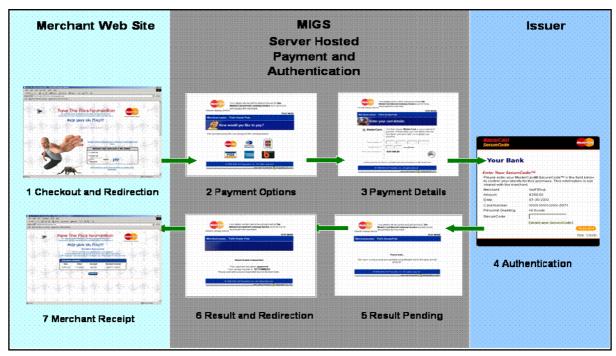
CommWeb will detect the submission of a MasterCard or Visa Card by the cardholder and, if the merchant has been enabled for Authentication, CommWeb will interigate the MasterCard or Visa Directory Service to check if the cardholder is enrolled in his issuer Authentication program.

If the cardholder is not enroled, or the issuer does not support Authentication, authorisation is performed as normal.

It the cardholder is enroled, the MasterCard or Visa directory service will return the URL of the issuer's ACS, and CommWeb will redirect the cardholder's browser to this ACS to allow the issuer to authenticate. The ACS then returns the cardholder's browser to CommWeb, along with the result of the authentication attempt.

CommWeb will continue with the authorization of the transaction if the authentication was sucessful.

# **Server-Hosted Payment and Authentication Process Flow**

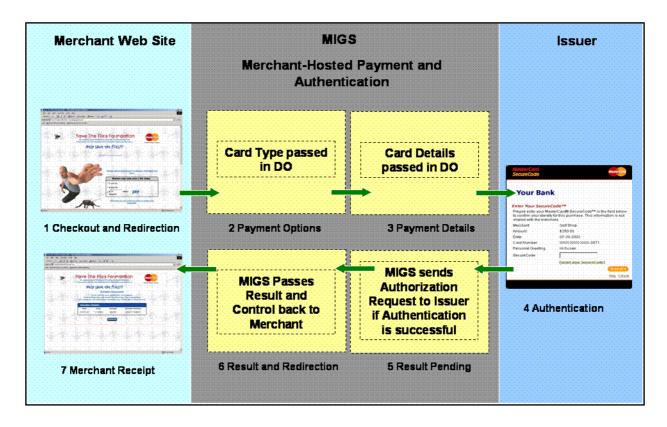


Server-Hosted Payment and Authentication Process Flow

For a Server-Hosted transaction the merchant has no extra considerations on the submission of the payment request, but may elect to accept and record the new Authentication result fields, described later in this section.

### **Merchant Hosted + Authentication Process Flow**

# (2.5 Party Transaction)



#### Merchant-Hosted Payment and Authentication Process Flow

A Merchant-Hosted Authentication transaction is performed by using the standard Server-Hosted Payment Client call, but providing the credit card type, number, and expiry date as extended fields, allowing the credit card entry screens to be bypassed.

Technical note: Also because of the above, we can no longer use a HTTP GET to redirect the card holder's browser to the payment server. HTTP POST should be used instead to avoid caching of sensitive data on the browser.

The cardholder experiences the process above, where control appears to be passed straight from the merchant website to the issuer ACS, where in fact control has been passed to CommWeb, who silently detects the card details in the digital order, interigates the MasterCard or Visa Directory Service and redirects the cardholder to the issuer ACS.

# Inputs

The Merchant-Hosted Authentication and Payment combination uses the basic Server-Hosted style of transaction.

The merchant may also add an optional "Description" field to the Digital Order for an authentication transaction.

This optional field is added using *addDigitalOrderField("Fieldname"*, *<field value>)* command.

The Input Fields for Authentication and Payment are:

FieldName	Description
vpc_gateway	Always set to 'ssi'.
vpc_card	The value is either " <i>Visa</i> " or " <i>MasterCard</i> ".
vpc_CardNum	Merchant-Hosted only. The number of the MasterCard or Visa Card collected by the merchant.  It must not contain white space or formatting characters.
vpc_CardExp	The expiry date of the card in the format YYMM. The value must be expressed as a 4-digit number (integer) with no white space or formatting characters, for example, an expiry date of May 2009 is 0905.

# Payment Transactions for Server-Hosted Payments

Server-Hosted Payments requires you to use <a href="https://migs.mastercard.com.au/vpcpay">https://migs.mastercard.com.au/vpcpay</a> URL for the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client. You must use HTTPS protocol or the VPC will reject the transaction request.

# **Transaction Request Fields**

Transaction requests contain the information collected for a cardholder's order that is used for processing by the CommWeb Payment Server.

The transaction request must include all the required fields for Server-Hosted Payments. You can also include optional fields such as Verified-by-Visa and MasterCard Secure Code.

# Required Transaction Request fields for a Server-Hosted Payment Request

The required fields that must be included in a transaction request when using Server-Hosted Payments are:

The version of the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client API being used. The current version is 1.    Required   Numeric   1,8   1	Field Name	Required Optional	Field Type	Length	Example Value		
Numeric   1,8   1   Indicates the transaction type. This must be equal to pay.   Required   Alphanumeric   1,16   pay      A unique value created by the merchant to identify the transaction request. It is used to track the progress of a transaction and allows it to be identified on the Payment Server should a communication's failure occur and the transaction response is not received.   It can contain similar information to the vpc_OrderInfo field, but it must be unique.   It may be in part an order number or invoice number, but it should also reflect the transaction attempt. For example, if a cardholder has insufficient funds on their card and you allow them to repeat the transaction with another credit card. The value may be test1234/1 on the first attempt, test1234/2 on the second attempt and test1234/3 on the third attempt.   It can use text made up of any of the base US ASCII characters in the range, hexadecimal 20 to 126.	vpc Version		the CommWeb Virtual P	ayment Client	API being used. The current		
A unique value created by the merchant to identify the transaction request. It is used to track the progress of a transaction and allows it to be identified on the Payment Server should a communication's failure occur and the transaction response is not received.  It can contain similar information to the vpc_OrderInfo field, but it must be unique.  It may be in part an order number or invoice number, but it should also reflect the transaction attempt. For example, if a cardholder has insufficient funds on their card and you allow them to repeat the transaction with another credit card. The value may be test1234/1 on the first attempt, test1234/2 on the second attempt and test1234/3 on the third attempt.  It can use text made up of any of the base US ASCII characters in the range, hexadecimal 20 to 126.  Required Alphanumeric - Special characters 1,40 test1234/1  The access code authenticates you on the Payment Server so that a merchant cannot access another merchant's MerchantId. The access code is provided to you when you	• -	Required	Numeric	1,8	1		
A unique value created by the merchant to identify the transaction request. It is used to track the progress of a transaction and allows it to be identified on the Payment Server should a communication's failure occur and the transaction response is not received.  It can contain similar information to the vpc_OrderInfo field, but it must be unique.  It may be in part an order number or invoice number, but it should also reflect the transaction attempt. For example, if a cardholder has insufficient funds on their card and you allow them to repeat the transaction with another credit card. The value may be test1234/1 on the first attempt, test1234/2 on the second attempt and test1234/3 on the third attempt.  It can use text made up of any of the base US ASCII characters in the range, hexadecimal 20 to 126.  Required  Alphanumeric - Special characters  1,40  test1234/1  The access code authenticates you on the Payment Server so that a merchant cannot access another merchant's MerchantId. The access code is provided to you when you		Indicates the t	ransaction type. This mu	st be equal to	pay.		
track the progress of a transaction and allows it to be identified on the Payment Server should a communication's failure occur and the transaction response is not received.  It can contain similar information to the vpc_OrderInfo field, but it must be unique.  It may be in part an order number or invoice number, but it should also reflect the transaction attempt. For example, if a cardholder has insufficient funds on their card and you allow them to repeat the transaction with another credit card. The value may be test1234/1 on the first attempt, test1234/2 on the second attempt and test1234/3 on the third attempt.  It can use text made up of any of the base US ASCII characters in the range, hexadecimal 20 to 126.  Required  Alphanumeric - Special characters  1,40  test1234/1  The access code authenticates you on the Payment Server so that a merchant cannot access another merchant's Merchantld. The access code is provided to you when you	vpc_Command	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	pay		
The access code authenticates you on the Payment Server so that a merchant cannot access another merchant's Merchantld. The access code is provided to you when you	vpc_MerchTxnRef	track the progress of a transaction and allows it to be identified on the Payment Server should a communication's failure occur and the transaction response is not received.  It can contain similar information to the vpc_OrderInfo field, but it must be unique.  It may be in part an order number or invoice number, but it should also reflect the transaction attempt. For example, if a cardholder has insufficient funds on their card and you allow them to repeat the transaction with another credit card. The value may be test1234/1 on the first attempt, test1234/2 on the second attempt and test1234/3 on the third attempt.  It can use text made up of any of the base US ASCII characters in the range,					
access another merchant's Merchantld. The access code is provided to you when you		Required		1,40	test1234/1		
registered your merchant profile with your Payment Provider.	vpc_AccessCode	access another merchant's Merchantld. The access code is provided to you when you					
Required Alphanumeric 8 6ab89f3		Required	Alphanumeric	8	6ab89f3		
The unique merchant Id assigned to you by your Payment Provider.	vpc Merchant	The unique me	erchant Id assigned to yo	u by your Pay	ment Provider.		

Field Name	Required Optional	Field Type	Length	Example Value			
	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	TESTMERCHANT01			
and Onderlands		tifier used to identify the number, an order numbe		th the cardholder. For example, a e number.			
vpc_OrderInfo	Required	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,34	test1234			
vpc_Amount		The amount of the transaction in the smallest currency unit expressed as an integer. For example, if the transaction amount is \$49.95 then the amount in cents is 4995.					
- <b> </b>	Required	Numeric	1,10	4995			
vpc_Locale	uage that is used on the Payment the locale is not supplied the						
	Required	Alphanumeric	2,5	en			
vpc_ReturnURL	the transaction either http:// or If the return UI	n response. It must be a c r https:// and may be up t RL is not supplied, your c	complete URL o 255 characte lefault vpc_Re	turnURL that you nominated when			
		your merchant profile wi					
	Required	Special characters	1,255	http://returnurl/Receipt.asp			

Required Transaction Response Fields for Server Managed Payments

# Optional Transaction Request fields for a Server-Hosted Payment Request

The optional fields that can be included in a transaction request when using Server-Hosted Payments are:

Field Name	Required 0ptional	Field Type	Length	Example Value				
Secure Hash – Optional Transaction Request Fields								
vpc_SecureHash	Used to allow the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client to check the integrity of the transaction request. Secure hash is only optional if you have the mayOmitHash privilege provided to you by your Payment Provider.							
	Optional	Alphanumeric	32	68798ab0259eb01be7bbe2a807 171f83				
Verified-by-Visa ar	nd MasterCar	<b>d SecureCode -</b> Op	tional Trans	action Request Fields				
				ed to prevent credit card fraud by nad previously registered with their				
No additional input fields you do need your Payme	are required for a	a Verified-by-Visa or Mas able you to use Verified-b	terCard Secure by-Visa or Maste	Code payment authentication, but erCard SecureCode.				
		ional Transaction Re						
		ity feature used for card n s held in the card issuer's		sactions that compares the Card				
	You can then spe			e Payment Server default level on ccept for the current transaction				
	You may set this value to the minimum CSC level that they are willing to accept for this transaction. If no value is provided, your default value set in the Payment Server will be used.  If this value is present then vpc_CardNum and vpc_CardExp must also be present as well for the transaction to complete.							
vpc_CSCLevel	Optional	Alpha	1	М				
	Optional	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,5	Qld.				
	Optional	Numeric	1	M				
Ticket Number - Optional Transaction Request Fields								
vpc_TicketNo	Allows you to include a ticket number, such as an airline ticket number in the transaction request. The ticket number is stored on the Payment Server database for the transaction. The ticket number is not returned in the transaction response.							
1,22_1101101110	Optional	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,16	AB1234				

### Optional Transaction Request fields for Server-Hosted Payments

# **Optional Merchant Defined Fields**

Server-Hosted Payments also supports up to 5 merchant defined fields that will be returned to you in the transaction response.

Special characters

These fields must be less than 255 bytes and must not start with vpc\_. These fields are not stored in the Payment Server.

# Sending a Transaction Request for Server-Hosted Payments

The GET method with a Query String containing the transaction request fields, and a HTTPS Redirect, is used to send the transaction request via the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client to the Payment Server, when using Server-Hosted Payments.

#### Get Method

The HTTP Redirect allows the merchant to redirect their URL to the CommWeb Payment Server.

### Sending a Transaction Request using Http Redirect

An example of a http redirect URL is:

https://www.migs.mastercard.com.au/threePartyDO?vpc\_Version=1&vpc\_AccessCode =6ab89f3&vpc\_MerchTxnRef=test1234/1&vpc\_MerchantId=TESTWEBNAB01&vpc\_Or derInfo=test1234&vpc\_Amount=4995&vpc\_locale=en&vpc\_ReturnURL=https://192.168 .21.205/Receipt.asp&vpc\_SecureHash=ebe65403de22d35c7685cb8403315c00

# **Transaction Response Fields**

# Required Transaction Response fields for Server-Hosted Payment Response

The transaction response contains the results of the transaction request fields that were processed by the CommWeb Payment Server. It indicates whether the payment was successful or not.

The required fields that are included in the transaction response fields for Server-Hosted Payments are:

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value			
Server-Hosted Payme	Server-Hosted Payments - Transaction Response fields						
vpc_Version	The value of the transaction res		tion request inp	ut field that is returned in the			
.6	Input	Numeric	1,2	1			
vpc_Command	The value of the <i>vpc_Command</i> transaction request input field that is returned in the transaction response.						
	Input	Alpha	3	pay			
	The value of the the transaction		ansaction reque	est input field that is returned in			
vpc_MerchTxnRef	Input	Alphanumeric – Special characters	1,40	test1234/1			
vpc_Merchant	The value of the <i>vpc_Merchant</i> transaction request input field that is returned in the transaction response.						
	Input	Alphanumeric – Special characters	1,16	TESTMERCHANT01			
vpc_OrderInfo	The value of the <i>vpc_OrderInfo</i> transaction request input field that is returned in the transaction response.						

Input   Alphanumeric   Special characters   1,34   test1234	Field Name	Required	Field Type	Length	Example Value	
Input	I leiu Naille		i leiu Type	Lengui	Litalliple value	
The value of the vpc_Amount transaction request input field that is returned in the transaction response.  Input Numeric 1,10 4995  The value of the vpc_Locale transaction request input field that is returned in the transaction response.  Input Numeric 1,10 4995  The value of the vpc_Locale transaction request input field that is returned in the transaction response.  It specifies the language that is used on the Payment Server pages that are displayed to the cardholder.  If the Locale is not supplied in the transaction request, the default value of 'en' (English) used in the Payment Server.  Input Alphanumeric 2,5 en  A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A vpc_TxnResponseCode of '0' (zero) indicates that the transaction was processed successfully and approved by the Acquiring Bank. Any other value indicates the transaction was declined.  Required Alphanumeric 1 0  A unique number generated by the Payment Server for the transaction. It is stored in the Payment Server as a reference and used to perform actions such as a refund or capture.  Required Numeric 1,12 3465  Indicates any errors the transaction may have encountered.  Optional Alphanumeric 10,200 Merchant (TESTCORE23) does not exist a consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault infinding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type		Input				
transaction response.  Input Numeric 1.10 4995  The value of the vpc_Locale transaction request input field that is returned in the transaction response.  It specifies the language that is used on the Payment Server pages that are displayed to the cardholder.  If the Locale is not supplied in the transaction request, the default value of 'en' (English) used in the Payment Server.  Input Alphanumeric 2.5 en  A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction was declined.  Required Alphanumeric 1 0  A unique number generated by the Payment Server for the transaction. It is stored in the Payment Server as a reference and used to perform actions such as a refund or capture.  Required Numeric 1,12 3465  Indicates any errors the transaction may have encountered.  Optional Alphanumeric 10,200 Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist  Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer close date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,18 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanum		Input		1,34	test1234	
The value of the vpc_Locale transaction request input field that is returned in the transaction response.  It specifies the language that is used on the Payment Server pages that are displayed to the cardholder.  If the Locale is not supplied in the transaction request, the default value of 'en' (English) used in the Payment Server.  Input Alphanumeric 2,5 en  A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A vpc_TxnResponseCode of "0" (zero) indicates that the transaction was processed successfully and approved by the Acquiring Bank. Any other value indicates the transaction was declined.  Required Alphanumeric 1 0  A unique number generated by the Payment Server for the transaction. It is stored in the Payment Server as a reference and used to perform actions such as a refund or capture.  Required Numeric 1,1,12 3465  Indicates any errors the transaction may have encountered.  Optional Alphanumeric 10,200 Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist  Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the transaction status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the transaction and process.  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type	vpc Amount		-	tion request inp	ut field that is returned in the	
transaction response.  It specifies the language that is used on the Payment Server pages that are displayed to the cardholder.  If the Locale is not supplied in the transaction request, the default value of 'en' (English) used in the Payment Server.  Input Alphanumeric 2.5 en  A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction was declined.  Required Alphanumeric 1 0  A unique number generated by the Payment Server for the transaction. It is stored in the Payment Server as a reference and used to perform actions such as a refund or capture.  Required Numeric 1,12 3465  Indicates any errors the transaction may have encountered.  Optional Alphanumeric 10,200 Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist 4  Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault infiding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,18 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the P	vpc_Amount	Input	Numeric	1,10	4995	
displayed to the cardholder.  If the Locale is not supplied in the transaction request, the default value of 'en' (English) used in the Payment Server.  Input Alphanumeric 2.5 en  A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A pre. Transaction.  A pre. Transaction was declined.  Required Alphanumeric 1 0  A unique number generated by the Payment Server for the transaction. It is stored in the Payment Server for the transaction. It is stored in the Payment Server for the transaction. It is stored in the Payment Server as a reference and used to perform actions such as a refund or capture.  Required Numeric 1,12 3465  Indicates any errors the transaction may have encountered.  Optional Alphanumeric 10,200 Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist  Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institutions to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the				on request inpu	t field that is returned in the	
(English) used in the Payment Server.  Input Alphanumeric 2,5 en  A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A vpc_TxnResponseCode of "0" (zero) indicates that the transaction was processed successfully and approved by the Acquiring Bank. Any other value indicates the transaction was declined.  Required Alphanumeric 1 0  A unique number generated by the Payment Server for the transaction. It is stored in the Payment Server as a reference and used to perform actions such as a refund or capture.  Required Numeric 1,12 3465  Indicates any errors the transaction may have encountered.  Optional Alphanumeric 10,200 Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist  Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the	vpc_Locale			n the Payment	Server pages that are	
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the transaction. A vpc_TxnResponseCode of "0" (zero) indicates that the transaction was processed successfully and approved by the Acquiring Bank. Any other value indicates the transaction was declined.  Required Alphanumeric 1 0  A unique number generated by the Payment Server for the transaction. It is stored in the Payment Server as a reference and used to perform actions such as a refund or capture.  Required Numeric 1,12 3465  Indicates any errors the transaction may have encountered.  Optional Alphanumeric 10,200 Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist  Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer coessing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the		Input	Alphanumeric	2,5	en	
A unique number generated by the Payment Server for the transaction. It is stored in the Payment Server as a reference and used to perform actions such as a refund or capture.  Required Numeric 1,12 3465  Indicates any errors the transaction may have encountered.  Optional Alphanumeric 10,200 Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist  Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the	vpc_TxnResponseC ode	the transaction. A <i>vpc_TxnRes</i> successfully an	ponseCode of "0" (zerod approved by the Acqu	o) indicates that	the transaction was processed	
the Payment Server as a reference and used to perform actions such as a refund or capture.  Required Numeric 1,12 3465  Indicates any errors the transaction may have encountered.  Optional Alphanumeric 10,200 Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist  Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the		Required	Alphanumeric	1	0	
Indicates any errors the transaction may have encountered.  Optional Alphanumeric 10,200 Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist  Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the	vpc_TransactionNo	the Payment Server as a reference and used to perform actions such as				
Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the		Required	Numeric	1,12	3465	
Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the		Indicates any e	rrors the transaction ma	y have encoun	tered.	
status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.  Optional Alphanumeric 2,3 00  This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the	vpc_Message	Optional	Alphanumeric	10,200		
This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the	vpc_AcqResponseC ode	status of the tra to use the vpc_	insaction. The results ca TxnResponseCode as i	an vary betweer	n institutions so it is advisable	
identifier.  This value is passed back to the cardholder for their records if the merchant application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the		Optional	Alphanumeric	2,3	00	
application does not generate its own receipt number.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 RP12345  A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the						
A date supplied by the acquirer to indicate when this transaction will be settled. If the batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the	vpc_ReceiptNo					
batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquirer closes the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing day's date.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,8 20021021  An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the		Optional	Alphanumeric	1,12	RP12345	
An identifying code issued by the bank to approve or deny the transaction. This is an optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the	vpc_BatchNo	batch has today's date then it will be settled the next day. When the acquire the batch at the end of the day, the date will roll over to the next processing				
optional field and may not be supplied by all acquirers.  Optional Alphanumeric 1,12 ABC12345  A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the		Optional	Alphanumeric	1,8	20021021	
A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the	vpc_AuthorizeId					
		Optional	Alphanumeric	1,12	ABC12345	
· P	vpc_CardType		by the Payment Server	for the card type	e used by the cardholder in the	
Optional Alphanumeric 2 ABC12345	•••	Optional	Alphanumeric	2	ABC12345	

Required Transaction Response Fields for Server-Hosted Payments

# Optional Transaction Response fields for Server-Hosted Payment Response

If you integrate advanced functionality when using Server-Hosted Payments, then optional fields that can be included in a transaction response from the Payment Server are:

Field Name	Require d Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value	
Secure Hash Secret - Transaction Response field					
vpc_SecureHash	This field is only returned for a Server-Hosted Payment as the response is returned via the cardholder's browser as a QueryString, which is visible to the cardholder. It allows you to check message integrity to ensure the response values have not been tampered with. Secure hash is only optional if you have, the mayOmitHash privilege provided to you by your Payment Provider.				
	Optional	Alphanumeric	32	68798ab0259eb01be7bbe2a 807171f83	
			•		

#### Verified-by-Visa and MasterCard SecureCode - Transaction Response fields

These fields are only returned in the transaction response if the transaction is a Verified-by-Visa and MasterCard SecureCode payment authentication. You must be enabled on the Payment Server by your bank to perform Verified-by-Visa and MasterCard SecureCode payment authentications.

The vpc\_TxnResponseCode is used to determine if the authentication passed or a failed.

If the *vpc\_TxnResponseCode* is not equal to 'F', the payment authentication passed OK and the Authentication process has completed satisfactorily.

If the vpc\_TxnResponseCode is equal to 'F', the Authentication process failed and no payment took place.

If a payment authentication has been successful, extra fields are returned in the transaction response for a Verifiedby-Visa and MasterCard Secure Code payment authentication. The fields are not used by you but are returned to allow you to store them as a record of authentication for the transaction, which can be used to resolve disputes. They cannot be used again for any future transactions.

All payment authentication transactions use a *vpc\_VerStatus* response code value to show whether the card authentication was successful or not.

	Either '3DS' or 'SPA'.					
vpc_VerType	Optional	Alphanumeric	3,20	3DS		
was VanStatus	The status co	odes used by the Paym	ent Server.			
vpc_VerStatus	Optional	Alphanumeric	1	N		
	that the card transactions the security I	The Verification Security Level is generated at the card issuer as a token to prove that the cardholder was enrolled and authenticated OK. It is shown for all transactions except those with authentication status "Failure". This field contains the security level to be used in the AUTH message.  MasterCard '0' -Merchant not participating (a merchant will not see this if they				
	are configured for MasterCard SecureCode).					
	MasterCard '1'-Cardholder not participating.					
vpc_VerSecurityLevel	MasterCard '2'-Cardholder authenticated.					
	Visa '05' -Fully Authenticated.					
	Visa '06' -Not authenticated, (cardholder not participating), liability shift.					
	Visa '07' - Not authenticated. Usually due to a system problem, for example					
	the merchant password is invalid.					
	Optional	Numeric	1,2	06		

Field Name	Require d Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value	
vpc_VerToken		generated by the card d OK. This is a base64		n to prove that the cardholder	
vpc_verroken	Optional	Alphanumeric	28	gIGCg4SFhoeliYqLjl2Oj5CR kpM=	
vpc_3DSXID		tion. It is a 20-byte field		by the merchant to identify the encoded to produce a 28-	
	Optional	Alphanumeric	28	uyPfGlgsoFQhklklsto+IFWs9 2s=	
The 3-D Secure Electronic Commerce Indicator, which is set to '05' wh cardholder authenticates OK, and '08' when the cardholder is not enrol values may change depending on the locale or issuer).				dholder is not enrolled. (These	
	Optional	Numeric	2	08	
vpc_3Dsenrolled	This field is only included if the card is within an enrolled range. This is the value of the VERes.enrolled field. It will take values ( <b>Y</b> - Yes, <b>N</b> - No, <b>U</b> – Unavailable for Checking).				
	Optional	Alpha	1	N	
vpc_3Dsstatus	This field is only included if payment authentication was used and a PARes was received by the MPI. It will take values ( <b>Y</b> – Yes, <b>N</b> – No, <b>A</b> – Attempted Authentication, <b>U</b> – Unavailable for Checking).				
	Optional	Alpha	1	N	
Card Security Code (CSC) - Transaction Response fields					
vpc_CSCResultCode	The Card Security Code result code indicates the CSC level used to match the data held by the cardholder Issuing Bank.				
· –	Optional Alphanumeric 1 M				
vpc_CSCRequestCode		alue was not sent, then		Server for the transaction. If the r default CSC level set in the	
vpc_cochequesicode	Optional	Alphanumeric	1	S	
	Optional	Alpha	1	G	

Optional Transaction Response Fields for Server-Hosted Payments

### **Receiving the Transaction Response**

To receive the transaction response, you must specify a return Internet address (return /URL). This address is also where the cardholder is returned to when they have completed the purchase.

The vpc\_ReturnURL field must contain a valid URL (starting with "<a href="https://">https://") for every transaction request.</a>

If the ReturnURL value does not form a valid URL, an error is generated in the Payment Server which will stop the transaction.

### **Calculating and Validating the Secure Hash Secret**

Secure Hash Secret is used to detect whether the transaction request and response has been tampered with. It is added to the transaction request details before an MD5 algorithm is applied to generate a secure hash. The secure hash is then sent to the Payment Server with the transaction request details. Because the Payment Server is the only other entity apart from your that knows your secure hash secret it recreates the same secure hash and matches it with the one that you sent. If they match the Payment server continues processing the transaction. If it doesn't match, it assumes that the transaction request has been tampered with and will stop processing the transaction and send back an error message.

#### How the Secure Hash is Created and Verified

The **vpc\_SecureHash** field is used for the MD5 (MD5 RFC1321) secure hash of your secure hash secret and the transaction request.

The secure hash value is the Hex encoded MD5 output of the transaction request or response fields. The order that the fields are hashed in are:

- The Secure Hash Secret is always first
- Then all transaction request fields are concatenated to the Secure Hash Secret in alphabetical order of the field name. The sort should be in ascending order of the ASCII value of each field string. If one string is an exact substring of another, the smaller string should be before the longer string. For example, Card should come before CardNum.
- Fields must not have any separators between them and must not include any null terminating characters.

For example, if the Secure Hash Secret is **0F5DD14AE2E38C7EBD8814D29CF6F6F0**, and the transaction request includes the following fields:

Field Name	Example Value
vpc_MerchantId	MER123
vpc_OrderInfo	A48cvE28
vpc_Amount	2995

#### Example of a Secure Hash Calculation

In ascending alphabetical order the transaction request fields inputted to the MD5 hash would be: **0F5DD14AE2E38C7EBD8814D29CF6F6F02995MER123A48cvE28** 

#### **Adding Secure Hash to a Transaction Request**

Although the risk of a cardholder tampering with the transaction request is minimal, it is recommended that you include a Secure Hash in your transaction request. If a cardholder changes a transaction request, it will be detected because if the Secure Hash generated by the Payment Server does not match the one generated by you, the payment is rejected.

If the secure hash does not match, the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client will immediately return the cardholder to the merchant's site with an error, by setting the **vpc\_TxnResponseCode** field to 7 to indicate that the secure hash is incorrect.

- During integration, this may mean that you have not calculated your hash properly.
- During production, this would usually mean that a cardholder is attempting to commit fraud.

To create a Secure Hash, the following fields are required for a transaction request using Server-Hosted Payments.

```
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_Version" value="1">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_AccessCode" value="6ab89f3">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_MerchantId" value="TESTWEBNAB01">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_OrderInfo" value="test1234">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_Amount" value="4995">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_Amount" value="en">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_Locale" value="en">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_ReturnURL" value="http://192.168.21.205/Receipt.asp">
<input type="hidden" name="Secure_Secret" value="ebe65403de22d35c7685cb8403315c00">
```

The fields in the transaction request must be concatenated in ascending alphabetical order with the Secure Hash Secret first:

md5\_input = Secure\_Secret + vpc\_AccessCode + vpc\_Amount + vpc\_Locale + vpc\_MerchantId + vpc\_OrderInfo + vpc\_ReturnURL + vpc\_Transaction + vpc\_Version

The order used is the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client field names, not the alphabetical order of the names you may use in your online store.

Any extra functionality fields must be also concatenated to the md5\_input in ascending alphabetical order as shown above, for example, if Ticket Number functionality is added, then the extra field to be added is:

```
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_TicketNo" value="ABC123">
```

And the md5\_input would then become:

md5\_input = Secure\_Secret + vpc\_AccessCode + vpc\_Amount + vpc\_Locale + vpc\_MerchantId + vpc\_OrderInfo + vpc\_ReturnURL + vpc\_TicketNo + vpc\_Transaction + vpc\_Version

You should also ensure that:

- UTF-8 encoding should be used to convert the input from a printable string to a byte array. Note that 7-bit ASCII encoding is unchanged for UTF-8.
- The hash output must be hex-encoded.

#### Adding Secure Hash to a Transaction Response

When you receive the transaction response from the Payment Server, you should calculate the Secure Hash and compare it to the Secure Hash from the Payment Server to ensure that the data has not been tampered with in the transaction response. If you do not check the Secure Hash, the transaction response can be retrieved securely from the Payment Server using QueryDR.

To create a Secure Hash, the following fields are required for a transaction response using Server-Hosted Payments.

```
String version = req.getParameter("vpc_Version ");
String merchantId= req.getParameter("vpc_MerchantId"));
String orderInfo = req.getParameter("vpc_OrderInfo");
String amount= req.getParameter("vpc_Amount");
```

```
String locale = req.getParameter("vpc_Locale");
String txnResponseCode= req.getParameter("vpc_TxnResponseCode");
String acqResponseCode= req.getParameter("vpc_AcqResponseCode");
String receiptNo = req.getParameter("vpc_ReceiptNo");
String xtnNo = req.getParameter("vpc_TransactionNo");
String batchNo = req.getParameter("vpc_BatchNo");
String authorizeID= req.getParameter("vpc_AuthorizeId");
String resp_Secure_Hash= req.getParameter("vpc_SecureHash");
```

The fields in the transaction response must be concatenated in ascending alphabetical order with the Secure Hash Secret first:

md5\_input = Secure\_Secret + amount + authorizeID + batchNo + locale + merchantId + orderInfo + qsiResponseCode + receiptNo + transactionNo + version
The order used is the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client field names, not the alphabetical order of the names you may use in your online store.

You should also ensure that:

- UTF-8 encoding should be used to convert the input from a printable string to a byte array. Note that 7-bit ASCII encoding is unchanged for UTF-8.
- The hash output must be hex-encoded.

# Payment Transactions for Merchant-Hosted Payment

Merchant-Hosted Payments requires you to use

https://migs.mastercard.com.au/vpcdps URL for the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client. You must use HTTPS protocol or the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client will reject the Transaction Request.

In Merchant-Hosted Payments the online store application connects directly to the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client using a form POST operation that directly returns a response. Since the Payment Server cannot collect cardholder card details, they must be collected on your site and sent to the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client.

During Merchant-Hosted Payments, session variables do not need to be sent to the Payment Server because the merchant's session is not broken as it is in Server-Hosted Payments, where the cardholder's Internet browser is disconnected from the merchant's site and redirected to the Payment Server.

This means that in Merchant-Hosted Payments, the cardholder browser is not redirected, so advanced functionality such as Verified-by-Visa and MasterCard Secure Code cannot be used.

# **Transaction Request Fields**

The transaction request contains the required information for a cardholder's order that is sent via the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client to the Payment Server.

# Required Transaction Request fields for Merchant-Hosted Payment Request

The required fields that must be included in a transaction request when using Merchant-Hosted Payments are:

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value	
vpc_Version	The version of version is 1.	f the 0Byte CommWeb V	irtual Payment (	Client API being used. The current	
• -	Required	Numeric	1,8	1	
	Indicates the t	ype of transaction type. I	t must be equal	to 'pay'	
vpc_Command	Required	Alpha	1,16	pay	
	A unique value created by you to identify the transaction request. It is used to trace progress of a transaction and allows it to be identified on the Payment Server sho communication's failure occur and the transaction response is not received.				
	It can contain similar information to the vpc_OrderInfo field, but it must be unique.				
vpc_MerchTxnRef	It may be in part an order number or invoice number, but it should also reflect the transaction attempt. For example, if a cardholder has insufficient funds on their car you allow them to repeat the transaction with another credit card. The value may be test1234/1 on the first attempt, test1234/2 on the second attempt and test1234/3 or third attempt.				
	It can use text made up of any of the base US ASCII characters in the range, hexadecimal 20 to 126.				

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value		
	Required	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,40	test1234/1		
vpc_AccessCode	The access co	The access code is used to authenticate you on the Payment Server so that a merchant cannot access another merchant's Merchantld.  The access code is provided to you when you registered your merchant profile with the Payment Provider.				
	Required	Alphanumeric	8	6ab89f3		
vpc Merchant	The unique m	erchant ld assigned to yo	u by your Paym	nent Provider.		
vpc_incremant	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	TESTMERCHANT01		
vpc OrderInfo		the transaction er, or an invoice	with the cardholder. It can be a number.			
vpc_orderinio	Required	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,34	test1234		
vpc Amount		f the transaction in the sretransaction amount is \$		unit expressed as an integer. For amount in cents is 4995.		
* <b> </b> **	Required	Numeric	1,10	4995		
vpc_CardNum	This field is used to bypass the card details page on the Payment Server. It is the number of the card to be used for processing the payment. It can only be a long integer value with no white space or formatting characters.					
	Required	Numeric	15,40	5123456789012346		
vpc_CardExp	for example, f	or an expiry date of May	2009, the value	nt. The format for this is <b>YYMM</b> , would be 0905. The value must te space or formatting characters		

Required Transaction Request fields for Merchant-Hosted Payments

# Optional Transaction Request fields for Merchant-Hosted Payment Request

The optional fields that can be included in a transaction request to the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client when using Merchant-Hosted Payments are:

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value		
Card Security Code (	CSC) – Optic	onal Transaction R	equest Field:	3		
The Card Security Code (CS Security Code on the card w				actions that compares the Card		
	can then specif			e Payment Server default level on ecept for the current transaction		
vpc_CardSecurity Code	The Card Security Code (CSC) is a security feature used for card not present transactions that compares the Card Security Code on the card with the records held in the card issuer's database. For example, on Visa and MasterCard credit cards, it is the three digit value printed on the signature panel on the back following the credit card account number. For American Express, the number is the 4 digit value printed on the front above the credit card account number. Once the transaction is successfully processed and authorised, the card issuer returns a result code (CSC result code) in its authorisation response message verifying the CSC level (vpc_CSCLevel) of accuracy used to match the card security code.					
	Optional	Numeric	1,4	123		
		his value to the minimulyou do not set a value,		at you are willing to accept for this ue will be used.		
vpc_CSCLevel	Optional	Alpha	1	М		
	Optional	Alpha	3	AUS		
	Optional	Numeric	1	М		
Transaction Source -	- Optional Tra	ansaction Request	Fields			
	(MOTO) trans not a MOTO to transaction red it is not preser	action that the transacti ransaction. It only has c quest, it indicates the tra	ion originated from the value and if ansaction is a country transaction is a country transaction transaction.	e in a Mail Order Telephone Order om a call centre transaction and the value is present in the all centre transaction, otherwise if action. The transaction source		
vpc_TxSource	Optional	Alpha	1,11	INTERNET - indicates an Internet transaction MOTO - indicates a mail order or telephone order CARDPRESENT - indicates that the		
				merchant has sighted the card		
Ticket Number – Onti	onal Transac	ction Request Field	s			
Ticket Number – Opti	This allows the	e merchant to include a n request. The ticket nu	ticket number,			
Ticket Number - Opti	This allows the the transaction for that transa	e merchant to include a n request. The ticket nu	ticket number, mber is stored o	such as an airline ticket number in on the Payment Server database		

### **CardPresent - Optional DO Field**

This feature allows merchants to add Card Present information and track data to a transaction. This feature applies where the merchant integration collects card track data from POS terminals. Card present functionality can only be performed as a 2-party Authorisation/Purchase transaction. The card track data needs to contain the correct start and end sentinel characters and trailing longitudinal redundancy check (LRC) characters. For all card present transactions, the Merchant Transaction Source, must be set to the value 'CARDPRESENT'.

If the magnetic stripe data is not available, for example, if the card is defective, or the POS terminal was malfunctioning at the time, it is sufficient to set the merchant transaction source to 'CARDPRESENT' and change the 'PAN Entry Mode' and 'PIN Entry Capability' values in vpc\_POSEntryMode field to indicate that the card was sighted, but manually entered.

Note: Track 3 data is not supported.

Note: CardPresent is used for EMV transactions.

	7 bit ASCII text representing the card track 2 data.					
vpc_CardTrack2	Required	Alphan	38,40	;5123456789012346=13051019 681143384001?		
	The first 2 characters define the actual PAN Entry Mode and the third character defines the PIN Entry Capability.					
	PAN ENTRY	Mode				
	01 - Manual Entry 02 - Magnetic stripe read, but full unaltered contents not provided 04 - OCR/MICR coding read 90 - Magnetic stripe read and full, unaltered contents provided					
	PIN Entry Ca	PIN Entry Capability  0 - Unknown  1 - Terminal is PIN capable  2 - Terminal is not PIN capable  8 - Terminal PIN pad is down				
vpc_POSEntry Mode	1 - Terminal is 2 - Terminal is					
	EMV Transactions					
	052 - PAN auto entry via chip 792 - Chip card at chip-capable terminal was unable to process transaction using data on the chip or magnetic stripe on the card-therefore, PAN entry via manual entry 802 - Chip card at chip-capable terminal was unable to process transaction using data on the chip therefore, the terminal defaulted to the magnetic stripe read for the PAN. This is referred to as fallback.					
	Optional	Alpha	3	052		
vpc_CardSeqNum	The card sequence number for transactions where the data is read through a chip or the EMV card.					
	Optional	Numeric	3	133		
	Data read from	m the chip on the EMV	card.			
vpc_EMCVICCData	Optional	Alpha	1,255	ABC345		

Optional Transaction Request fields for Merchant-Hosted Payments - Card Present

### **EMV Transaction Fields Definition**

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Comment
vpc_POSEntryMode	Required	Numeric	3	Has the value '052' for transactions where the data is read through a chip on the EMV card.
vpc_CardSeqNum	Optional	Numeric	3	Will optionally be populated for transactions where the data is read through a chip on the EMV card.
vpc_EMCVICCData	Required	Alphanumeric	1-255	Will always be populated for transactions where the data is read through a chip on the EMV card.
vpc_CardTrack2	Optional	Alphanumeric	40	Will always be populated for transactions where the data is read through a chip on the EMV card.
vpc_TxSource	Required	Alphanumeric	1-11	This must be set to CARDPRESENT if the merchant's default transaction source has not been configured to CARDPRESENT.

ChipRead EMV Digital Order Field Definitionst

# Sending a Transaction Request for Merchant-Hosted Payments

### **Post Method**

The Post Method is used when you collect the cardholder's card details. The data is collected in a secure form and included in the transaction request that is sent directly to the Payment Server.

### Sending a Transaction Request using the Post Method

The following post method example shows the minimum number of fields required to complete a transaction using the Merchant-Hosted Payment integration model:

```
<form method="POST" action="Inttps://www.<vpc_name>/vpcdps">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_Version" value="1">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_Command" value="pay">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_AccessCode" value="6ab89f3">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_MerchTxnRef" value="test1234/1">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_MerchantId" value="test1234/1">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_OrderInfo" value="test1234">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_OrderInfo" value="4995">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_Amount" value="4995">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_CardNum" value="5123456789012346">
<input type="hidden" name="vpc_CardExp" value="0405">
<!- submit ->
<input type="submit" value="Pay Now">
</form>
```

# Transaction Response Fields

# Required Transaction Response fields for Merchant-Hosted Payment Response

The transaction response contains the results of the transaction request that was processed by the Payment Server.

The fields that are included in a transaction response from the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client when using Merchant-Hosted Payments are:

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value		
Merchant-Hosted Pay	/ments - Transa	ction Response field	ls			
vpc_Version	The value of the Input	vpc_Version input fie	ld returned in th	ne transaction response.		
vpc_Command	The value of the	vpc_Command field	returned in the t	transaction response.		
vpc_MerchTxnRef		,	,	he transaction response.  test1234/1		
vpc_Merchant	The value of the	,	ield returned in	the transaction response.  TESTMERCHANT01		
vpc_OrderInfo	The value of the	,	field returned in	the transaction response.		
vpc_Amount	The value of the Input	vpc_Amount input fie	eld returned in th	ne transaction response. 4995		
vpc_Locale		plied in the transaction t used in Merchant-Ho		returned in the transaction s.		
vpc_TxnResponse Code	A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A <i>vpc_TxnResponseCode</i> of "0" (zero) indicates that the transaction was processed successfully and approved by the acquiring bank. Any other value indicates the transaction was declined.  Required  Alphanumeric  1  0					
vpc_TransactionNo	A unique number generated by the Payment Server. It is the reference value of the transaction in the Payment Server. This is the Shopping Transaction number that must be used for a Refund or Capture operation.					
	Required	Numeric	1,12	3465		
vpc_Message	Optional	e to indicate what sort	10,200	ansaction encountered.  Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist.		
vpc_AcqResponse Code	status of the tran use the vpc_Txn included for fault	saction. The results ca ResponseCode as it is finding purposes.	an vary betweer s consistent acr	al institution to indicate the n institutions so it is advisable to oss all acquirers. It is only		
	Optional	Alphanumeric	2,3	00		

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value		
	This is also known as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN), which is a unique identifier.					
vpc_ReceiptNo		sed back to the cardhoe its own receipt number		cords if the merchant application		
	Optional	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,12	RP12345		
vpc_BatchNo	batch has today's	date then it will be se	ettled the next d	ansaction will be settled. If the ay. When the acquirer closes the e next processing day's date.		
	Optional	Alphanumeric	1,8	20021021		
vpc_Authorizeld	A code issued by the acquiring bank to approve or deny the transaction. This may not always be supplied by all acquirers.					
<b> </b>	Optional	Alphanumeric	1,12	ABC12345		
vpc_CardType	A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder for the transaction.					
	Optional	Alphanumeric	2	ABC12345		

Transaction Response Fields for Merchant-Hosted Payments

# Optional Transaction Response fields for Merchant-Hosted Payment Response

If you integrate advanced functionality when using Merchant-Hosted Payments, then optional fields that can be included in a transaction response from the Payment Server are:

Table 1 Optional Transaction Response Fields for Merchant-Hosted Payments

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value		
Card Security Code (	Card Security Code (CSC) - Transaction Response fields					
vpc_CSCResult	The result code of	generated by the Payr	ment Sever in re	lation to the Card Security Code.		
Code	Optional	Alpha	1	S		
vpc_CSCRequest	The CSC level that was requested in the Payment Server for the transaction. If the CSC Level value was not sent, then this will be the merchant's default CSC level set in the Payment Server.					
Code	Optional	Alpha	1	М		
vpc_AcqCSCResp	The result code generated by the acquiring bank in relation to the Card Security Code.					
	Optional	Alpha	1	М		
Code	Optional	Alpha	1	S		

# Advanced Functionality Fields

# Capture

# Transaction Request Fields - Capture

The fields that can be included in a transaction request to the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client when using capture are:

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value			
vpc_Version	version is 1.	, 	1	Client API being used. The current			
	Required	Numeric	1,8	1			
vpc_Command	Used to indica	ate the type of payment.	The value, captu	ure is used.			
vpc_command	Required	Alpha	1,16	Capture			
	track the prog	A unique value created by the merchant to identify the transaction request. It is used to track the progress of a transaction and allows it to be identified on the Payment Server should a communication's failure occur and the transaction response is not received.					
	It can contain	It can contain similar information to the vpc_OrderInfo field, but it must be unique. It may be in part an order number or invoice number, but it should also reflect the transaction attempt. For example, if a cardholder has insufficient funds on their card and you allow them to repeat the transaction with another credit card. The value may be test1234/1 on the first attempt, test1234/2 on the second attempt and test1234/3 on the third attempt.					
vpc_MerchTxnRef	transaction at you allow ther test1234/1 on						
	It can use text made up of any of the base US ASCII characters in the range, hexadecimal 20 to 126.						
	Required	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,40	test1234/1			
	The access code authenticates a merchant on the Payment Server so that a merchant cannot access another merchant's Merchantld.						
vpc_AccessCode	The access co		nen you register	ed your merchant profile with the			
	Required	Alphanumeric	8	6ab89f3			
	The unique m	erchant Id assigned to yo	ou by your Payn	nent Provider.			
vpc_Merchant	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	TESTMERCHANT01			
vpc_TransactionN	The transaction	on reference number of th	ne original autho	prisation or purchase transaction.			
0	Required	Numeric	1,12	123			
vpc_Amount	The amount of the transaction in the smallest currency unit expressed as an						
•	Required	Numeric	1,10	4995			
	This field is a	special AMA user create	d to allow this fu	unction to operate.			
vpc_User	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	amauser			
	The password	used to authorise the Al	MA user to acce	ess this function.			
vpc_Password	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	Password12			

Transaction Request Fields for a Capture

# Transaction Response Fields - Capture

The fields included in a transaction response from the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client when using captures are:

Field Name	Required	Field Type	Length	Example Value		
	Optional					
	Input					
vpc_Version	The value of the	e <i>vpc_Version</i> input field	returned in th	e transaction response.		
*PC_*C131011	Input	Numeric	1,8	1		
	The value of the	e <i>vpc_Command</i> field re	turned in the t	ransaction response.		
vpc_Command	Input	Alpha	1,16	capture		
	The value of the	e vpc_MerchTxnRef field	d returned in t	ne transaction response.		
vpc_MerchTxnRef	Input	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,40	test1234/1		
	The value of the	e vpc_Merchant input fie	eld returned in	the transaction response.		
vpc_Merchant	Input	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,16	TESTMERCHANT01		
	The value of the	e <i>vpc_Amount</i> input field	d returned in th	ne transaction response.		
vpc_Amount	Input	Numeric	1,10	4995		
vpc_TxnResponseC ode	A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A <i>vpc_TxnResponseCode</i> of "0" (zero) indicates that the transaction was processed successfully and approved by the acquiring bank. Any other value indicates the transaction was declined.					
	Required	Alphanumeric	1	0		
vpc_TransactionNo	A unique number generated by the Payment Server and is the reference value of the transaction in the Payment Server. This is the value that must be used for a Capture.					
vpo_rransaotionito	Required	Numeric	1,12	3465		
	A message to i	ndicate an error the trans	action encoun	tered.		
vpc_Message	Optional	Alphanumeric	10,200	Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist		
vpc_AcqResponseC ode	Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the bank to indicate the status of th transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use t vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only include fault finding purposes.					
	Optional	Alphanumeric	2,3	00		
vpc_ReceiptNo	identifier. This v		ne cardholder i	r (RRN), which is a unique for their records if your online		
	Optional	Alphanumeric	1,12	RP12345		
vpc_BatchNo	batch has today	y's date then it will be set	tled the next d	ansaction will be settled. If the ay. When the acquirer closes of the next processing day's		
	Optional	Alphanumeric	1,8	20021021		
vpc_Authorizeld	always be supp	lied by all acquirers.		ny the transaction. This may not		
	Optional	Alphanumeric	1,12	ABC12345		

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value	
vpc_CardType	A code issued to for the transaction	,	detail the type	e of card the cardholder used	
	Optional	Alphanumeric	2,4	ABC12345	
vpc_ShopTransactio	The transaction reference number of the original authorisation or purchase transaction.				
nNo	Optional	Numeric	1,21	3DS	
vpc_AuthorisedAmo	The total amou	nt of the original authorisa	ation transacti	on.	
unt	Optional	Numeric	1,10	N	
vpc_CapturedAmou	The amount of the capture transaction in the smallest currency unit expressed as an integer. For example, if the transaction amount is \$49.95 then the amount in cents is 4995.				
"	Optional	Numeric	1,10	4995	
vpc_TicketNo	Allows you to include a ticket number, such as an airline ticket number in the transaction request. The ticket number is stored on the Payment Server database for that transaction and returned in the transaction response for capture transactions.				
F	Optional	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,16	Any data	

Transaction Response Fields for a Capture

# Refund

# Transaction Request Fields - Refund

The fields that can be included in a transaction request to the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client when using refund are:

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value			
vpc_Version	version is 1.	I	· I	Client API being used. The current			
	Required	Numeric	1,8	1			
vpc_Command	Used to indica	Used to indicate the type of payment. For refunds, the value 'refund' is used.					
vpo_command	Required	Alpha	1,16	Refund			
	track the prog should a com	A unique value created by the merchant to identify the transaction request. It is used to track the progress of a transaction and allows it to be identified on the Payment Server should a communication's failure occur and the transaction response is not received.  It can contain similar information to the vpc_OrderInfo field, but it must be unique.  It may be in part an order number or invoice number, but it should also reflect the transaction attempt. For example, if a cardholder has insufficient funds on their card and you allow them to repeat the transaction with another credit card. The value may be test1234/1 on the first attempt, test1234/2 on the second attempt and test1234/3 on the third attempt.					
vpc_MerchTxnRef	transaction at you allow ther test1234/1 on						
	It can use text hexadecimal 2	t made up of any of the bagonia.	ase US ASCII o	characters in the range,			
	Required	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,40	test1234/1			
vpc_AccessCode	cannot access		rchantld. The ac	ment Server so that a merchant coess code is provided to you yment Provider.			
	Required	Alphanumeric	8	6ab89f3			
	The unique m	erchant Id assigned to yo	ou by your Payn	nent Provider.			
vpc_Merchant	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	TESTMERCHANT01			
vpc_TransactionN	The transaction	on reference number of th	ne original Autho	orisation or Purchase transaction.			
0	Required	Numeric	1,12	123			
vpc_Amount				urrency unit expressed as an 95 then the amount in cents is			
	Required	Numeric	1,10	4995			
.ma Haar	This field is a special AMA user created to allow this function to operate.						
vpc_User	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	amauser			
vpc_Password	The password	I used to authorise the Al	MA user access	to this function.			
• –	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	password12			

Transaction Request Fields for a Refund

# Transaction Response Fields - Refund

The fields included in a transaction response from the CommWeb Virtual Payment Client when using refunds are:

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value		
Vanaian	The value of the	The value of the <i>vpc_Version</i> input field returned in the transaction response.				
vpc_Version	Input	Numeric	1,8	1		
	The value of the	e <i>vpc_Command</i> field re	turned in the t	transaction response.		
vpc_Command	Input	Alpha	1,16	refund		
	The value of the	e <b>vpc_MerchTxnRef</b> fiel	d returned in t	he transaction response.		
vpc_MerchTxnRef	Input	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,40	test1234/1		
	The value of the	e <i>vpc_Merchant</i> input fie	eld returned in	the transaction response.		
vpc_Merchant	Input	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,16	TESTMERCHANT01		
	The value of the	e <i>vpc_Amount</i> input field	d returned in th	ne transaction response.		
vpc_Amount	Input	Numeric	1,10	4995		
vpc_TxnResponseC ode	A response code that is generated by the Payment Server to indicate the status of the transaction.  A <i>vpc_TxnResponseCode</i> of "0" (zero) indicates that the transaction was processed successfully and approved by the acquiring bank. Any other value indicates the transaction was declined.					
	Required	Alphanumeric	1	0		
vpc_TransactionNo	A unique number generated by the Payment Server. It is the reference value of the transaction in the Payment Server. This is the value that must be used for a Refund.					
' -	Required	Numeric	1,12	3465		
	A message to indicate any errors the transaction may have encountered.					
vpc_Message	Optional	Alphanumeric	10,200	Merchant [TESTCORE23] does not exist		
vpc_AcqResponseC ode	Acquirer's Response Code is generated by the financial institution to indicate the status of the transaction. The results can vary between institutions so it is advisable to use the vpc_TxnResponseCode as it is consistent across all acquirers. It is only included for fault finding purposes.					
	Optional	Alphanumeric	2,3	00		
vpc_ReceiptNo	identifier. This		ne cardholder	r (RRN), which is a unique for their records if the merchant		
	Optional	Alphanumeric	1,12	RP12345		
vpc_BatchNo	batch has today the batch at the date.	y's date then it will be set e end of the day, the date	tled the next d will roll over to	ansaction will be settled. If the lay. When the acquirer closes of the next processing day's		
	Optional	Alphanumeric	1,8	20021021		
vpc_AuthorizeId	always be supp	by the acquiring bank to a solied by all acquirers.	approve or der	ny the transaction. This may not		
	Optional	Alphanumeric	1,12	ABC12345		

	Input					
	A code issued b		detail the type	of card the cardholder used		
. –	Optional	Alphanumeric	2,4	ABC12345		
vpc_Snop i ransactio   t	The transaction reference number of the original authorisation or purchase transaction.					
nNo	Optional	Numeric	1,19	3DS		
vpc_AuthorisedAmo	The total amount of the original authorisation transaction.					
. –	Optional	Numeric	1,10	N		
vpc RefundedAmou i	The amount of the refund transaction in the smallest currency unit expressed as an integer. For example, if the transaction amount is \$49.95 then the amount in cents is 4995.					
1	Optional	Numeric	1,10	4995		
vpc_TicketNo	Allows you to include a ticket number, such as an airline ticket number in the transaction request. The ticket number is stored on the Payment Server database for that transaction. The ticket number is stored on the Payment Server database for that transaction and returned in the transaction response for refunds.  Optional  Alphanumeric - 1,16 Any data					

Table 2 Transaction Request Fields for a Refund

# **QueryDR Transaction**

# Transaction Request Fields – Query DR

The QueryDR command allows you to search for a transaction response, which has been lost. The search is performed on the primary key – **MerchTxnRef**, which is why the vpc\_MerchTxnRef field needs to be a unique value.

If there are transactions with duplicate vpc\_MerchTxnRef numbers, the query will only return the most recent transaction encrypted transaction response, but a flag is raised to indicate there is more than one transaction that meets the criteria.

If the query result returned is not the correct one, you must use Merchant Administration on the Payment Server to search for the correct transaction.

The fields that are included in a transaction request when using QueryDR are:

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value
vpc_Version	The version of the 0Byte CommWeb Virtual Payment Client API being used. The current version is 1.			
• –	Required	Numeric	1,8	1
vpc_Command	This indicates	the type of transaction.		
Vpc_command	Required	Alpha	1,16	QueryDR
vpc_AccessCode	The access code authenticates a merchant on the Payment Server so that a merchant cannot access another merchant's Merchantld. The access code is provided to you when you registered your merchant profile with the Payment Provider.			
	Required	Alphanumeric	8	6ab89f3
	The unique merchant ld assigned to you by your Payment Provider.			
vpc_Merchant			1,16	TESTMERCH
•	Required	Alphanumeric		ANT01
Manak Tun Daf	It is the primary key used to search the progress of a transaction in the event of a communication's failure where no transaction response is received.			
vpc_MerchTxnRef	Required	Alphanumeric - Special characters	1,40	test1234/1
	This field is a special AMA user created to use this function.			
vpc_User	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	amauser
_	The password used to authorise the AMA user access to this function.			
vpc_Password	Required	Alphanumeric	1,16	password12

Transaction Request fields for a QueryDR transaction

# Transaction Response Details - Query DR

The fields returned in the transaction response are the same as the original transaction, but includes two additional transaction response fields. The fields that are included in a transaction response when using QueryDR are:

Field Name	Required Optional Input	Field Type	Length	Example Value	
vpc_DRExists	This key is used to determine if the QueryDR command returned any search results. If the value is "Y", then there is at least one vpc_MerchTxnRef number result matching the search criteria.  Optional Alpha 1 Y				
vpc_FoundMultiple DRs	This is used after the previous command to determine if there are multiple results. If the value is "Y", then there are multiple MerchTxnRef numbers matching the search criteria.  Optional Alpha 1 N				

Transaction Response fields for a QueryDR transaction

# **Bypass Card Selection Page on the Payment Server**

This is used in Server-Hosted Payments to bypass the Payment Server payments page that displays the logos of all the cards the payment processor will accept.

# Transaction Request Fields - Bypass Card Selection Page

The fields that are included in a transaction request when using Bypass Card Selection are:

Field Name	Required Optional	Field Type	Length	Example Value	
	Input				
vpc_gateway	This field determines the VPC gateway that will be used. The field is case sensitive, and must comply with the gateways that are valid in the Payment Server. The value used here will always be <b>ssl</b> .				
	Optional	Alpha	3	ssl	
vpc card	A code issued by the Payment Server for the card type used by the cardholder in the transaction.				
F	Optional	Alphanumeric	2,4	MC	

Transaction request fields to Bypass Card Selection Page on the Payment Server

# Transaction Response Fields - Bypass Card Selection Page

The Bypass Card Selection page functionality does not return any extra fields in the transaction response.

# Troubleshooting and FAQs

# **Troubleshooting**

What happens if a Transaction Response fails to come back?

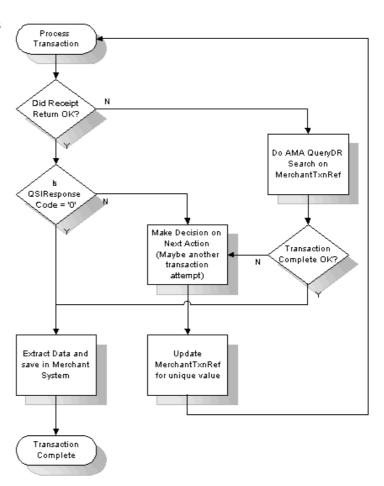
To deal with a transaction response that fails to come back:

- Flag the transaction as having an error, so that it needs to be manually checked using Merchant Administration on the Payment Server.
   Or.
- Use the Advanced Merchant Administration (AMA), QueryDR command to search
  the Payment Server database for the transaction. The vpc\_MerchTxnRef is used as
  the transaction identifier when searching using QueryDR command.

Since the transaction response has failed to come back, there is no transaction number available from the Payment Server to identify the transaction in question, and this is why you use the

vpc\_MerchTxnRef. It is important
to have a unique

vpc\_MerchTxnRef for every transaction otherwise the query could return multiple results. Only the most recent transaction is returned in the QueryDR command if there are multiple results, but this may not be the transaction you are concerned with.



What happens if a transaction response fails to come back

#### If the transaction response code was successful

When you find the required vpc\_MerchTxnRef in the QueryDR, check the vpc\_TxnResponseCode field to see if it is successful (should be equal to '0'). If the vpc\_TxnResponseCode is 0, then the transaction is successful and you just need to

extract the relevant data details from the QueryDR results for your records.

### If the transaction response code was not successful

If the vpc\_TxnResponseCode is not 0, you need to determine the next course of action based on what you would do if the vpc\_TxnResponseCode were not 0 in a normal transaction response coming back from the Payment Server.

# If you did not find the transaction response code

If you query the Payment Server for the vpc\_MerchTxnRef using the QueryDR call and you do not receive any results, then it is safe to repeat the transaction. It is safe to use the same vpc\_MerchTxnRef, as the existing one does not show up in the Payment Server's database and was therefore never processed.

### If you find multiple transaction response code results

If the QueryDR is flagged as having multiple results (returns 'Y' in the MultipleResults field), then the MerchTxnRef is not unique. This is the primary reason for implementing a unique vpc\_MerchTxnRef for every transaction.

This solution requires more data capture and processing, but it is only necessary when you don't have a unique vpc\_MerchTxnRef number.

This solution requires more data capture and processing, but it is only necessary when you don't have a unique vpc\_MerchTxnRef number.

### What to do if a Session Timeout occurs?

It is possible that while a cardholder is entering their card details at the Payment Server, the session is broken (say a communication failure due to a modem connection dropping off). If this occurs, a cardholder will lose their session. Even if they come back to your site, they will have a new session, and their old session will never be completed.

To determine the status of the lost transaction, you will need to perform a QueryDR transaction based on the original vpc\_MerchTxnRef.

# Does the Cardholders Internet browser need to support cookies?

Yes. The CommWeb Virtual Payment Client interface requires a cardholder's browser to support cookies for Server-Hosted Payments.

# How do I know if a transaction has been approved?

All approved transactions are represented with a response code of zero "0" from the Payment Server. All other codes represent declined transactions.

# Frequently Asked Questions

# Can the CommWeb Payment Server's payment pages be modified for a Merchant?

No. The CommWeb Payment Servers payment pages are branded using the Banks branding to assure cardholders of the security of the transaction. If you do not wish to display the CommWeb branded pages to your cardholders then you need to implement the Merchant-Hosted Payments Integration Model.

### How often can I reconcile?

Reconciliation is performed automatically by the CommWeb Payment Server. It is always done around the same time each day. Your bank will be able to inform you of the cut-over time.

# Is a Shopping Cart required?

It is not necessary to have a shopping cart. All that is required is that the transaction information is within the transaction request passed to the Payment Server.

# Does the Payment Server handle large peaks in transaction volumes?

The Payment Server queues pending transactions so transactions are not lost.

# How long will an authorisation be valid on a cardholder account?

This depends on the Financial Institution who issued the card to the cardholder. Each card Issuer defines the authorisation expiry period in which they hold the funds on the cardholder's account, while they wait for the arrival of the capture transaction. Generally it is 5-8 processing days, before the authorisation purges from the cardholder account and access to the funds are released back to the cardholder.

### What is the RRN and how do I use it?

The RRN (Reference Retrieval Number) is a unique number generated by CommWeb for a specific bank merchantld. The RRN is a reference used to retrieve the original transaction data and it is useful when your online store does not provide a receipt number.

The RRN can be viewed in CommWeb Merchant Administration.

### RRN, MerchTxnRef, OrderInfo, Authorized and TransactionId

**RRN (Reference Retrieval Number)** is a unique number for a particular Merchantld. This is the value that is passed back to the cardholder for their records. You cannot search for this field in CommWeb Merchant Administration, but it is displayed in on the transaction details pages as the Reference Retrieval Number (RRN). It is one of the fields returned in a queryDR and the transaction result (captures, refunds).

**MerchTxnRef** is generated by your online store. Ideally it should be a unique value for each transaction and you should retain this number so that transactions can be searched for in your online store and the Payment Server.

**OrderInfo** is also generated by your online store. It should also be a unique value for each transaction, which you should retain so that you can search for the transaction in your online store and the Payment Server.

**Authorizeld** is an identifier from the Acquiring Bank, which is in the transaction response for the authorisation. This field cannot be searched for in CommWeb Merchant Administration, but it is displayed as the Authorisation Code. It is one of the fields returned in an AMA query and the AMA transaction result (captures, refunds).

**TransactionID** is a unique number generated by the CommWeb Payment Server that matches the shopping transaction number. The shopping transaction number is the key reference value for transactions when using AMA transactional functions like captures and refunds.

# Appendix 3 – Test Environment

# **Test Cards**

The following table shows the test card numbers and associated expiry dates configured for each card scheme on the CommWeb Payment Server.

Card Type	PAN	<b>Expiry Date</b>
MasterCard	5123456789012346	05/13
MasterCard	5313581000123430	05/13
Visa	4005550000000001	05/13
Visa	4557012345678902	05/13
Amex	345678901234564	05/13
Bankcard (Australian Domestic)	5610901234567899	05/13
Diners Club	30123456789019	05/13

# Response Codes

The test bank simulator is configured to allow the user to change the response received against the above test card numbers by varying the amount after the decimal point for the transaction.

The following table shows how the various response codes can be triggered varying the amount after the decimal point.

QSI	Name	
Resp.		Amount
0	Transaction approved	XXX.00
1	Transaction could not be processed	XXX.10
2	Transaction declined - contact issuing bank	XXX.05
3	No reply from Processing Host	XXX.68
4	Card has expired	XXX.33
5	Insufficient credit	XXX.51
6	Error Communicating with Bank	Not Mapped

QSI Resp.	Name	Caused by
7	Message Detail Error	Invalid PAN, Invalid Expiry Date
8	Transaction declined – transaction type not supported	Not Mapped
9	Bank Declined Transaction – Do Not Contact Bank	Not Mapped

For example, to obtain a response of 1 on a MasterCard, simply send a transaction for \$xxx.10 against one of the above MasterCard numbers.

Developers should use these response codes in exception handling. For further detail on the reason for decline, the issuer response code should be checked. See 'Issuer Response Code Mapping'.

# Issuer Response Code Mapping

The Payment Server returns both a summary result code generated by the Payment Server as well as the raw issuer response code as received from the bank.

Digital Receipt Field	Description
DigitalReceipt.QSIResponseCode	Summary result code as returned from the Payment Server.
DigitalReceipt.AcqResponseCode	Issuer response code as returned from the bank.

The following table is a list of relivant issuer response codes:

Issuer	Description		
Resp.			
00	Approved		
01	Refer to Card Issuer		
02	Refer to Card Issuer		
03	Invalid Merchant		
04	Pick Up Card		
05	Do Not Honor		
07	Pick Up Card		
12	Invalid Transaction		
14	Invalid Card Number (No such Number)		
15	No Such Issuer		
33	Expired Card		
34	Suspected Fraud		
36	Restricted Card		
39	No Credit Account		
41	Card Reported Lost		
43	Stolen Card		
51	Insufficient Funds		
54	Expired Card		
57	Transaction Not Permitted		
59	Suspected Fraud		
62	Restricted Card		
65	Exceeds withdrawal frequency limit		
91	Cannot Contact Issuer		

The following table shows how the bank simulator maps the issuer response code to response codes.

Issuer	CommWeb	Issuer	CommWeb	Issuer	CommWeb
Resp.	Resp.	Resp.	Resp.	Resp.	Resp.
00	0	34	2	68	3
01	2	35	1	69	1
02	2	36	2	70	1
03	2	37	1	71	1
04	2	38	1	72	1
05	2	39	2	73	1
06	2	40	1	74	1
07	2	41	2	75	1
08	0	42	1	76	1
09	1	43	2	77	1
10	1	44	1	78	1
11	1	45	1	79	1
12	1	46	1	80	1
13	1	47	1	81	1
14	2	48	1	82	1
15	2	49	1	83	1
16	0	50	1	84	1
17	1	51	5	85	1
18	1	52	1	86	1
19	2	53	1	87	1
20	1	54	4	88	1
21	1	55	1	89	1
22	1	56	1	90	2
23	1	57	1	91	2
24	1	58	1	92	2
25	2	59	2	93	1
26	1	60	1	94	1
27	1	61	2	95	1
28	1	62	1	96	1
29	1	63	1	97	1
30	1	64	1	98	2
31	2	65	2	99	2
32	1	66	1		
33	4	67	1		